

## Pressure on dollar eases

Pressure to devalue the U.S. dollar eased slightly in Europe yesterday, even though the German currency closed below its level in West Germany. Money markets throughout Europe remained nervous. It is feared that unilateral action to protect the dollar could touch off a new round of monetary crisis and perhaps a trade war as well. The dollar was being drawn with a situation just before August, when President Nixon shocked allies by suddenly letting the float and by imposing import controls that risked retaliation from Europe and Japan. The crisis set off then was finally resolved in December, 1971 when the dollar was devalued, the U.S. controls were scrapped, and a new international exchange rate set up by the Smithsonian agreement. Some sources across Europe say the heavy pressure on the dollar over the past 10 days has thrown the Smithsonian agreement into serious question, raising the threat of economic control between the U.S. on one side, Europe and Japan on the other. The dollar closed yesterday at its lowest level in Amsterdam, and in Paris, the U.S. currency was weaker in London, but in Milan, Vienna, Brussels and the dollar gained slightly the day. In West Germany, however, it remained a major worry. Monetary and international conditions with large amounts of dollars to move around have been a dollar to buy German goods, on the theory that in any large realignment, the dollar's strong mark is likely to be against the dollar.

## GERMAN MEASURES

West German central bank might announce measures to curb the increased commercial liquidity resulting from the inflows of foreign funds in the last few months. The central bank may limit the amount of credit open to the central bank — the amount of last resort. The extra money which the central bank now have available and out as a result of selling dollars to the central bank will thus be effectively frozen. The foreign exchange market is agitated by rumors that the U.S. might be forced to revalue the dollar. The Bank of Japan has an estimated \$500m in surplus of the U.S. currency. Washington Representative Wilbur Mills called yesterday for a conference with U.S. trading partners to consider remedies for the dollar's weakness, including new exchange rates.

## PRICE RISES APPROVED

Small prices of soap, chocolate and liquor are expected to rise. The Public Committee on Price Control has approved the following price rises, which will need the approval of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry: Soap (including laundry soap and bar soap) — 10 per cent; Detergents and liquid cleaning agents — nine per cent; Time and spirit — six per cent; Chocolate bars (Milk) — 4.5 per cent; The price of instant coffee — under the price of the instant coffee — will remain the same for the remainder of the year it was announced.

## Uganda to execute 12 on Saturday

AMPALA (Reuters). — Twelve prisoners sentenced to death for alleged guerrilla activities are to be executed in public by firing squads on Saturday. It was announced here at night.

## TOURISTS! HAVE YOU ALREADY VISITED THE LEADING FASHION HOUSE?

Special Government tourist reductions  
• LADIES' FASHIONS  
• MEN'S FASHIONS  
• MEN'S SHOES  
• YOUTHFUL STYLE  
**Schneidman**  
Tel Aviv 189, Tel Aviv Branch

## Kissinger flies to Bangkok

WASHINGTON — U.S. Presidential adviser Henry Kissinger left by air yesterday for Bangkok at the start of a journey in which he will seek a cease-fire in Laos, friendship with North Vietnam and improved relations with China. He flew from nearby Andrews Air Force Base in a presidential jetliner for conferences in Bangkok, Vientiane, Hanoi and Peking. Also travelling with Dr. Kissinger was William Sullivan, Assistant Secretary of State for Southeast Asian affairs, who worked closely with Kissinger at the Paris peace talks. Dr. Kissinger made no statement before leaving, but smiled and waved to reporters as he boarded his plane.

## Fighting rises in Vietnam

SAIGON — Fighting rose sharply in Vietnam in the past 24 hours and the Saigon command claimed 349 Communists killed in the first major offensive since a week of relative calm in the cease-fire. Officials of the International Commission of Control and Supervision expressed concern at the reports of the battles, but did not think the imminent release of American prisoners of war would be affected. A senior U.S. official said yesterday that the U.S. is planning to release 20 to 40 American prisoners of war along the Cambodian-Vietnam border on Saturday. This would be the first group of American prisoners released in South Vietnam. In talks in Paris, South Vietnamese and Vietnamese officials yesterday made further headway in procedural talks for ministerial negotiations on the political future of South Vietnam, and agreed to meet again on Saturday. And in Vientiane, Laotian Interior Minister Phang Phongsavan, told Vietnamese newspapers a cease-fire in Laos will be announced February 15. Phang said the government will compromise with the Pathet Lao but only within limits of the present constitution. (Reuters, AP)

## Canada recognizes North Vietnam

OTTAWA (Reuters). — External Affairs Minister Mitchell Sharp announced yesterday that Canada has formally recognized the government of North Vietnam. The move was made in a statement issued by the minister. Sharp said the government of North Vietnam is the only government in the world which has been recognized by the United Nations. He said the move was made in the context of the recent signing of the Paris Peace Accords. (Reuters story, page 4)

## AFTER MIDNIGHT

Hafsa Ismail, Egyptian President Sadat's security adviser, has extended his stay in Moscow for 24 hours. Agency Press reported last night. (Reuters story, page 4)

## Riot police use tear gas on striking blacks in Durban

DURBAN, South Africa (AP). — Riot police went into action against striking blacks here yesterday as Durban's tense industrial situation began to look like an outright confrontation of blacks versus white authority. But there was no serious bloodshed. The trouble started with a rash of demands for higher pay, but by yesterday there were reports of strikes without any accompanying demands for pay increases. When the first time, strikers went on the rampage through the city centre. Police were called in and arrested 150 Africans who had been intimidating building workers. Another element in the situation, largely seen as a potential racial powder keg, was the decision by Durban City Council to send home large numbers of its Indian staff. The council knew that the Indians would be intimidated by the Indians. In 1967, when thousands of Africans, increased that an African child had been run down by an Asian bus, went on a two-day rampage through Durban's Indian quarter, leaving 23 Africans, 53 Indians and one white dead. Refuse began to pile up and stink in city streets as garbage collectors continued their strike and residents were treated to the unusual sight of whites carrying crates of potatoes and apples in the fresh produce market. In the magistrates' court here yesterday, 102 Africans who had been charged and danced down a city street on Tuesday, were each fined 80 rands, (\$38) for creating a disturbance, but in each case 25 rands (\$12) of the fine was suspended for 12 months. Police continued several hundred marches at Hammarsdale, midway between Durban and Pietermaritzburg, and used teargas after order-

## Congressmen to link trade and Soviet emigration

WASHINGTON (Reuters). — The House of Representatives yesterday served notice it will block trade concessions for the Soviet Union unless Moscow allows Jews and other minority groups to emigrate freely. Wilbur Mills (Democrat, Arkansas), chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, which handles trade legislation, joined with 259 of the 435 House members to introduce legislation denying lowered tariffs and financial credits to countries that prevent their citizens from emigrating freely.

The legislation is identical to a measure introduced in the Senate last year by Senator Henry Jackson (Democrat, Washington) who told a press conference yesterday, he expects to have about 80 co-sponsors this session. The support for the measure by Mr. Mills, one of the most powerful men in Congress, and the co-sponsorship of the members of the House puts a firm barrier against trade concessions the Nixon administration and Moscow want in order to increase U.S.-Soviet trade.

## AIMED AT TAX

The measure is designed to persuade Moscow to drop the education ransom tax, under which fees of more than \$25,000 have been imposed on Russian Jews with university degrees as a prerequisite to emigrating to Israel. Mr. Mills told a press conference: "We hope our action today will be understood by the responsible Soviet authorities as our answer to the official publication in Moscow last month of the so-called 'education tax' schedule — an outrageous price list on human beings that reduces trained and educated men and women to chattels."

Senator Jackson said if the Soviet Union cannot understand the signal for reform in the legislation, there is no hope for future American-Soviet negotiations.

## Iraq grants \$4m. to terrorists

JERUSALEM Post Arab Affairs Reporter. — The Palestinian terrorist movement yesterday received a \$4m. grant from the Ba'athist Government of Iraq. Baghdad radio said that the aid was designed to help escalate terrorist warfare against Israel. It was announced a day after the terrorists complained that the bulk of the Arab states had deserted them financially.

## 26 die in Jo'burg gold mine fire

JOHANNESBURG (Reuters). — The death toll in a fire deep underground in a gold mine rose to 26 yesterday as rescue teams located more bodies. The miners — all Africans — were trapped when fire started about 1,200 metres down at the East



President and Mrs. Nixon pose with King Hussein and Queen Alia inside the White House on Tuesday night, before the start of a black-tie dinner.

## Hussein gets no hint of U.S. initiative

By SAM LIPSKI  
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — King Hussein of Jordan has concluded his round of meetings with American officials after receiving assurances of continued economic and military aid from President Nixon. But he is leaving Washington without any indication of new initiatives by the U.S. on a Middle East settlement. According to public and background remarks of American officials, neither the U.S. nor King Hussein put forward "new diplomatic proposals" during the exchanges of views. While movement on a Middle East settlement has accounted for much of the publicity surrounding the Jordanian ruler's visit to Washington, it appears that the real focus of his talks centred on Amman's need to make up the \$20m. budget deficit by an increase of the \$50m. in economic aid, and to ensure a continued flow of the \$35m. in military grant aid each year. Under this programme, President Nixon has reportedly assured King Hussein that Jordan can expect delivery later this year of the first of a promised two squadrons of F-5 jet fighters. The diplomatic side of King Hussein's visit, beginning Tuesday at the White House with a 70-minute conversation with President Nixon and continuing at the State Department with Secretary of State William Rogers, does not appear to have yielded anything like the same dividends. The U.S. is said to have emphasized that a negotiated peace must begin with the parties making their own efforts toward holding talks. While as in previous years, King Hussein received a sympathetic

(Continued page 2, col. 5)

## Cairo forces alerted; campuses are tense

By ANAN SAFADI  
Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter

Cairo's security forces were alerted yesterday as Egypt braced for renewed student anti-government demonstrations. Tension was reportedly running high in the Egyptian capital over the continuing government crackdown on student and professional dissidents. The Cairo authorities were evidently suppressing news coverage of developments. Foreign correspondents were barred from approaching the Cairo campuses near which two British reporters were detained on Tuesday. Dispatches from Cairo said that steel-helmeted riot police were seen moving toward the campuses of Cairo and El Shams universities, although no flames were posted in the immediate vicinity. Earlier reports from Cairo said that more students had been arrested and others expelled for allegedly instigating student demonstrations against the regime of President Anwar Sadat. Over 120 students and a score of professionals were arrested last month in connection with the student street demonstrations of January 3 which led the government to close the campuses until last Saturday. The close guard put on the campuses coincided with the continued purge in Egypt's political party, the Arab Socialist Union. A disciplinary committee of the ASU was expected to issue yet another list of political activists being ousted from various posts. The list would be the fourth issued by this committee in the past four days during which ninety persons, mainly journalists, have been expelled from the union and dismissed from their posts because of "political deviation."

Indications yesterday were that President Sadat was conducting the largest political purge since May 1971. Then, in a massive crackdown against his political opponents, he fired several high-ranking government officials, including Vice-President Ali Sabry and former Minister General Mohamed Fawzi. Yesterday, Minister of Interior Mamdouh Salem said that registration has been reopened for nomination to the country's parliamentary institutions. The move may indicate that some members in the parliament, where signs of dissension are also evident, are about to be dismissed, or have been already.

## Cyprus gunmen raid 18 police stations

NICOSIA (Reuters). — Cyprus was rocked by explosions and gunfights early yesterday with a growing threat of civil war among the island's Greek-speaking community. In a highly-organized campaign, masked gunmen raided 18 police stations, stealing weapons, ammunition and uniforms. Three of the stations were blown up with dynamite and several gunfights erupted between police and terrorists. No serious injuries or deaths were reported and the gunmen appeared to be under strict orders not to kill. The raids were interpreted as an attempt by supporters of General George Grivas to discourage Greek Cypriots from attending an election rally President Makarios is to address here today. Nominations for the February 18 presidential election close at noon today, and unless a last-minute rival emerges, the 59-year-old Archbishop Makarios will be declared President unopposed. President Makarios, who has already served two five-year terms as Cyprus' head of state, has accused General Grivas of plotting recent arms raids. (Background, page 5).

Observers expected another spectacular show of force from Grivas followers last night in an attempt to intimidate villagers from travelling to the capital for the rally. Shops, industry and foreign schools are to close down today. The arms raids early yesterday were the most serious violence in the intermittent terrorism of the past six weeks. The gangs concentrated on remote country police stations. Only three near Nicosia were raided.

## Egypt ship free to sail

NICOSIA (Reuters). — The Cyprus government on Tuesday night announced that the Sabrin, which ran aground near Famagusta on Monday night while carrying a 120-ton cargo of dynamite, had infringed no regulations and was free to leave. The Sabrin ran aground near the Cypriot national guard camp south of Famagusta and was towed into harbour after the five-man crew asked for help. The captain was reported to have said the destination of his dynamite cargo is Syria.

# Hussein's trip a 'positive move'

By ABRAHAM RABINOVICH  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Defence Minister Moshe Dayan yesterday praised King Hussein's current visit to Washington as "a very positive move." Addressing the Jewish Agency Assembly in Jerusalem, Mr. Dayan said Hussein's talks with American leaders meant that he was going to try to negotiate a political settlement "and not try to promote his military ambitions." The Defence Minister said he was sure Washington would encourage the Jordanian leader to seek such a settlement. Hussein's trip to Washington was preferable to President Sadat's travelling to Moscow, Mr. Dayan said. "I don't know of any better mediator than America."

When Hussein returns, Mr. Dayan said, "I hope we will be a little closer to a peace agreement." In response to a question from the floor, Mr. Dayan said he favoured a peace treaty which would give Jews the right to settle anywhere in the West Bank or the Gaza Strip, "this being our homeland." Israeli forces should also be stationed on the River Jordan, Mr. Dayan said, and "we should not go down from the Golan."

As for a new border with Egypt, it should be drawn from Sharm el Sheikh to a point "somewhere on the Mediterranean," the Minister said. In one of his rare public references to social problems, Mr. Dayan indicated that he did not consider closing the social gap as the top



Defence Minister Moshe Dayan speaking yesterday at the Jewish Agency Assembly in Jerusalem. At left is Irving Bernshteyn, Executive Vice-Chairman of the U.S.A., and Mrs. Elaine Sims, Chairman of the U.S.A.'s Women's Division.

## Near Nahal Golan Terrorist thought killed after attack on Israel patrol

By HIRSH GOODMAN  
Jerusalem Post Military Correspondent

A terrorist returning to Syria from Israel-held territory was hit by Israeli fire yesterday morning and is thought to have been killed. The man, wearing a white kaffiyeh and khaki bush jacket, was hit in no-man's-land, not far from the cease-fire line at Nahal Golan where, earlier in the morning, an Israeli patrol had come under terrorist attack. A loud explosion greeted soldiers who arrived to investigate the attack, but again no damage was caused. Investigation revealed that the infiltrators had detonated a 10-kilo charge, probably aimed at blocking the soldiers' path. At about 11.15 three or four men were seen attempting to cross into Syria from near the scene of the attack. The Israeli patrol opened fire and one of the men was hit while in no-man's-land and is thought to have been killed. Neither side had attempted to extricate the body by last night. There was no clear explanation as to why the Syrians had decided to open their border to the terrorists after almost a month of quiet.

## Cyprus gunmen raid 18 police stations

NICOSIA (Reuters). — Cyprus was rocked by explosions and gunfights early yesterday with a growing threat of civil war among the island's Greek-speaking community. In a highly-organized campaign, masked gunmen raided 18 police stations, stealing weapons, ammunition and uniforms. Three of the stations were blown up with dynamite and several gunfights erupted between police and terrorists. No serious injuries or deaths were reported and the gunmen appeared to be under strict orders not to kill. The raids were interpreted as an attempt by supporters of General George Grivas to discourage Greek Cypriots from attending an election rally President Makarios is to address here today. Nominations for the February 18 presidential election close at noon today, and unless a last-minute rival emerges, the 59-year-old Archbishop Makarios will be declared President unopposed. President Makarios, who has already served two five-year terms as Cyprus' head of state, has accused General Grivas of plotting recent arms raids. (Background, page 5).

## Egypt ship free to sail

NICOSIA (Reuters). — The Cyprus government on Tuesday night announced that the Sabrin, which ran aground near Famagusta on Monday night while carrying a 120-ton cargo of dynamite, had infringed no regulations and was free to leave. The Sabrin ran aground near the Cypriot national guard camp south of Famagusta and was towed into harbour after the five-man crew asked for help. The captain was reported to have said the destination of his dynamite cargo is Syria.

TOURISTS!  
HAVE YOU ALREADY VISITED THE LEADING FASHION HOUSE?  
Special Government tourist reductions  
• LADIES' FASHIONS  
• MEN'S FASHIONS  
• MEN'S SHOES  
• YOUTHFUL STYLE  
**Schneidman**  
Tel Aviv 189, Tel Aviv Branch

RENT IT HERE — LEAVE IT THERE  
**AVIS**  
RENT A CAR  
WE TRY HARDER!  
TEL AVIV: 51063/53742/222045 HAIFA: 520347/685491/64859  
JERUSALEM: 525030/222250 NETANYA: 91809  
LOD AIRPORT: 971080 BEERSHEBA: 71777 EILAT: 2550

An error appeared in our advertisement which appeared in yesterday's paper:  
The price per kg. of  
**TURKEY SCHNITZEL**  
should have read IL12  
OUR APOLOGIES TO OUR CUSTOMERS.  
**SUPER-SOL**

NOW ON  
**END OF SEASON SALE**  
20% Reduction on all models  
**iwanir**  
The Fashion House you can rely on

**TOURIST!**  
30% Reductions  
Duty & Tax-free export scheme  
**Women's & Men's Suede & Leather Wear**  
The Leader in Suede & Leather  
Leather handbags department  
**I. SCHNEIDMAN & SON**  
TEL AVIV, 25 Rosh Zamenhoff  
near 99 King George Tel. 236663  
RUHUT 72 AYELET HANAHAN



has the taste for everyone in Box, 100 mm and Menthol

# THE WEATHER

Forecast: Partly cloudy to cloudy, with showers possible in north and central Israel. Weather synopsis: Upper trough from Turkey to West Egypt is slowly moving eastward.

Station	Yesterday's Rainfall	Yesterday's Min-Max	Today's Forecast
Jerusalem	80	11-19	11-16
Golan	80	8-13	8-13
Nahariya	67	15-26	11-16
Rafiah	64	8-11	8-13
Be'er	58	16-26	11-16
Tiberias	58	16-26	11-16
Nazareth	54	12-13	7-11
Afula	78	12-17	8-16
Sharon	75	11-18	7-15
Tel Aviv	72	10-17	10-16
Lod	76	13-28	10-17
Jericho	50	16-22	15-20
Gaza	78	14-17	12-16
Be'er Sheva	69	12-16	10-16
Ramat	29	18-24	15-22
Tirana	34	18-28	17-24

# Social and Personal

President Zalman Shazar yesterday received Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek and members of the City Executive, who presented the Presidential Residence with a Yossi Stern painting of Jerusalem.

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Abba Eban, met yesterday with the new Colombian Ambassador, Mr. Ramon Martinez Valle, and with the new Bolivian Ambassador, Mr. Roberto Pacheco Hertzog.

Rumania's Chief Rabbi, Rabbi Moshe Rosen, landed yesterday with the Deputy Minister of Tourism, Mr. Yehuda Sha'ari.

Mr. Yosef Shohet, senior adviser to the Minister of Education and Culture, has been appointed chairman of the Israel committee for Unesco.

An exhibition of terracottas by Nahum Gutman was opened yesterday at the ceramics pavilion of Museum Ha'aretz in Tel Aviv. The Italian Ambassador, Mr. Vittorio Cordero di Montezemolo, was among those present.

Mr. Menahem Perry will speak on "The Uniqueness of Chaim Nachman Bialik" at today's luncheon meeting of the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club, 1.15 p.m., at Z.O.A. House.

Dr. Jack Cohen of the Hillel House in Jerusalem will speak on "Hillel and Israel" at a meeting of the English-speaking Paula Ben-Gurion and Aharon Katzir B'nai B'rith Lodges at 8:30 p.m. Monday, at B'nai B'rith House, 10 Kaplan St., Tel Aviv. The public is invited.

# ARRIVALS

Mr. Abs Kramer, Chairman of the British Zionist Federation, accompanied by Mrs. Kramer, and Dr. S. Levenberg, representative of the Jewish Agency in the U.K., to attend the Zionist General Council meeting.

# Tax relief for student teachers

The regulation exempting students at institutions of higher learning from income tax will be extended to apply to students at teachers seminaries, the Finance Ministry announced yesterday.

The seminary students announced on Monday that they will hold a warning strike today. Among their demands was income tax exemption. They also wanted the seminaries to be accredited as degree-granting institutions and to get the same financial benefits as are given to university students.

# Large families' old homes for aliya

Large, inadequately housed families should be moved into new apartments and their old apartments should be made available for immigrants, the Housing Committee of the Jewish Assembly recommended yesterday.

The moving of several thousand large families under this arrangement was one of the ways of improving housing conditions, the committee decided unanimously.

# COPING WITH INFLATION

Four top economic experts tell The Post what they would do to stop the wage-price spiral in tomorrow's

# THE JERUSALEM POST

Also:

- On patrol with an Israeli Navy missile boat.
- The fund-raisers and the money at the Jewish Agency Assembly.
- Safad: Living on the past.
- A second homecoming for Olga Schatz.
- Yair Dorin tells of his captivity in Egypt.

And many more interesting and informative features.

ORDER YOUR COPY TODAY.

# Controls over public associations rejected

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter  
The Knesset yesterday voted down a private members bill which would introduce legal controls and statutory inspection at elections for voluntary public associations. It was presented by the State List's Yigal Horowitz. The bill was modeled on a similar bill tabled last year by Gahal's Yoram Eridor which sought legal controls on all public bodies with a membership of 100,000 and up. It was obviously tailored to fit the Histadrut.

Interior Minister Yosef Burg, replying for the Government, said that the wording of the State List bill was so vague that it could apply to some 10,000 associations. The Government could not and would not be watchdog to synagogues, associations, immigrant federations, works committees, B'nai B'rith, Rotary and the like, he said. The Minister said that while the issue is grave, it was up to the State List to draft its bill in a proper manner. He suggested that the Knesset could not relate to a matter which concerned the Histadrut, when not all M.K.s were members of the labour federation. During the vote, which rejected the bill by 26 to 16, the State List's Zalmu Shoval shouted that its opponents were in favour of forgery.

Mr. Horowitz said that elections to public bodies whose membership system is voluntary should be subject to the same rules and regulations as all other public bodies. This was the only way to eliminate suspicion of forgery, bribery or the kind of pressure on voters as had occurred recently in the Civil Servants Union election.

Forgery of ballots at voting time is worse than stealing, Mr. Horowitz said. Party enthusiasts, who would never steal a penny in their lives, think nothing of stealing votes. Mr. Horowitz said it was strange for the Government to seek statutory enforcement procedures in voluntary associations like the moshav cooperative villages — through the controversial Moshav Law now in Committee — but to shun such powers in voluntary bodies, like the Histadrut.

# Mu'adi calls for citizenship for Golan Druse

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
ACRE. Deputy Communications Minister Shukri Mu'adi yesterday appealed to the Government to grant the Druse in Golan Israeli citizenship. "It will make it clear to the Druse there that the Government will not withdraw from the territory or abandon its population," he called for the abolition of Military Government and the establishment of a district council that would look after the interests of the 8,000 Druse who live in four villages in the Golan.

After touring the area, he said, he had found that most of the population were in favour of cooperation with the Government. "The position of the Golan Druse is different from those in Israel in two respects: They are not Israeli citizens and they live within the range of Syrian artillery," he declared.

# Claim to E. Jerusalem site by Jewish groups

The Jerusalem Sephardi Community Council and the Knesset Israel Committee have asked the Magistrate's Court to evict 30 Arab families living on the site of the Tomb of Shimon Hatzadik (Simon the Just), in East Jerusalem. The 175 dunam plot belonged to the two organizations before the 1948 War of Independence, they claimed. It had been used by pilgrims as a prayer site. Some time after 1948, they said, a number of houses were built there for Arab refugees, while other buildings, already on the site, were claimed by East Jerusalem residents who now collect rent from families residing in them.

# Housing protesters convicted

TEL AVIV. — Ten young couples who squatted in new flats last November to demonstrate their need for housing were convicted yesterday in the Magistrate's Court. Seven of them were fined IL100 each, and the other three received suspended jail sentences and were required to post IL1,000 bond that they would not repeat the offence.

The first group were from Or Yehuda. They told Magistrate Menahem Ilan that the heads of the local council there had told them squat in the new flats as the only way to attract the attention of the authorities. One of the accused, Sami Zaki, who has three small children, said: "It helped, too. Now we have a three-room flat."

The group of three had invaded flats in Jaffa and had to be forcibly evicted by the police, who used tear-gas in the clash. Judge Amikam Plavkov took note of the police action: "One can't expect the police to use live gloves in such instances," he said. "Politeness and gentility are sometimes interpreted as a sign of weakness. And our police would be in trouble if the public thought them weak." (Itim)

# Committee to study TV proposed

The appointment of a committee to do research on television programming, management and labour relations was suggested by some speakers at a meeting Tuesday night of the Broadcasting Authority plenary.

It met in special session to take up current public criticism of television programmes. No decisions were taken at the session, which adjourned till next week. The speakers were at pains to insist that the committee proposed should not be called an investigation committee.

The Council of Television Workers, in a memorandum to the Authority, claimed that even though the Authority had failed to provide adequate manpower and equipment, it was still possible to attain high standards with available resources. It said the management was to blame for inefficiency and misuse of resources, and urged the appointment of an objective investigation committee, on which the workers would be represented equally.

Several speakers opposed the appointment of such a committee, and claimed that the current anti-television campaign was inspired by political motives.

# Gabon asks for more projects

Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent  
President Albert Bongo of Gabon has asked Premier Golda Meir for increased Israeli cooperation projects in his country. The request came in a warm personal message from the President to the Prime Minister delivered yesterday by Gabon's visiting Foreign Minister, Mr. Georges Rawiri.

After a short talk with the Premier at her office, Mr. Rawiri held a working session with Foreign Minister Eban, in which specific cooperation projects were discussed. The Israeli side agreed in principle to send two building instructors to Gabon and to send one more youth leader to join the one who has been working in Gabon since 1966 organizing a youth movement. Mr. Rawiri also raised his Government's request for Israel to train Gabonese students in oil refining. The details of this project are due to be worked out today when Mr. Rawiri meets with Deputy Finance Minister Zvi Dinstein, who is in charge of Israel's oil industry.

Mr. Rawiri dies out this afternoon. A joint communique to be issued before he leaves is expected to express the desire of both sides for a negotiated settlement in the Middle East and for increased cooperation between Israel and Gabon.

# Six suspects held for arson at mission centre

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
KUNETRA. — Five more Golan Druse, one of them from Bukata village, were arrested during the last 24 hours on suspicion of being linked to the spy ring broken a fortnight ago. The police now hold 25 suspects. Two of the latest arrests are members of the Safadi clan and two of smaller families in Majdal Shams. The fifth man is the first suspect from outside Majdal Shams. It is possible that the latest two groups of detainees may have only known of the spy ring's existence without reporting it to the authorities.

When Syria held the Golan, Safadi clan members were suspected of contacts with Israel and some were arrested or exiled by the Syrians.

# Truck collides with train, driver killed

HAIFA. — A Tel Aviv-bound train crashed into a pickup truck at a level crossing yesterday morning, killing the driver and demolishing the truck. The driver, David Kaski, 39, of Hadera, was rushed to Hillel Yaffe Hospital in Hadera after the crash, but was pronounced dead on arrival. The accident occurred just before 7 a.m., when the 6.30 train from Tel Aviv reached the level crossing next to the Yngon building-block plant near Pithul Hanna. The locomotive smashed into the tender as it crossed the tracks.

The tracks were blocked for about an hour, until a tow truck could clear away the wreckage of the tender. (Itim)

# Haifa dockers to sign contract — for 40% rise

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
HAIFA. — Port workers yesterday authorized their committee to sign a new labour contract with the Ports Authority. At a general meeting they resolved that the contract must be in line with the conditions agreed upon by the Government and the Histadrut to end last month's slowdown. The agreement had been for a rise of 40.2 per cent for dockers in all three ports.

Yesterday's decision by the Haifa dockers serves notice that they are going to insist on the full 40.2 per cent and will reject the 31.7 per cent which the Authority offered them. Ashdod dockers, who are newer on their jobs, will be getting over 40.2 per cent in higher seniority pay and upgrading.

The Authority's offer had been based on a general 40.2 per cent increase in the payroll, but the Haifa men want the full rise, regardless of the Ashdod increase. (Ashdod dockers back at work, page 8)

# Beit Shemesh strikers block plant entrance

BEIT SHEMESH. — The striking workers of the Beit Shemesh Engine Company yesterday blockaded the entrance to the plant. The workers have been on strike for two weeks in a dispute over several clauses in their new work agreement. They blocked the gate, they said, to stop the management from "bringing in a large number of scabs."

Police, summoned to the scene by the management, held a brief conference with the strike leaders and then removed cable drums used to block the entrance. The strike is backed by the Histadrut. A delegation of strikers, led by Beit Shemesh Labour Council Secretary Meir Cohen, yesterday met in Tel Aviv with Histadrut Secretary-General Yitzhak Ben-Aharon. Mr. Ben-Aharon recommended that they renew contact with the management, and it is expected that a new attempt at settlement will be made.

# Koppel waives Beersheba post

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
TEL AVIV. — Mr. Pinhas Koppel, former Inspector-General of Police, has withdrawn his agreement to head the Negev district of Kupat Holim, it is learned. Mr. Koppel based his change of mind on personal grounds (sickness in the family), which would make it difficult to move to Beersheba. It is also learned that he is being mentioned as Alignment candidate for the post of Mayor of Ramat Gan in the elections this fall. He lives in Tel Aviv.

# Cairo summit ends — in silence

Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter  
Egyptian President Anwar Sadat, Syrian President Hafez Assad and Libyan state Mu'ammer Gaddafi yesterday ended their three-day summit conference in Cairo without issuing any statement. The three leaders, who are linked in a loose federation, seemed to have avoided making any decisive resolutions pending the outcome of King Hussein's visit to Washington and the return of Egypt's presidential adviser on national security affairs, Hafez Ismail, from Moscow.

Mr. and Mrs. MARTIN ACKER are happy to announce the birth of a daughter. Eliana Abigail born in London, on December 28, 1972. Sister to JONATHAN. Granddaughter to the SAPIER family and HADASSAH BAT HAIN.

# German firm wants to build Tel Aviv

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
Tel Aviv could have a mass transport system based on an elevated railway within four or five years, if a proposal by a German company is accepted. The blueprint, discussed by Transport Minister Shimon Peres yesterday, would intersect Tel Aviv with two main lines — Herzliya-Lod and Petah Tikva-Holon.

Mr. Peres was addressing a seminar of senior Lod Airport officials at the Avia Hotel. He said the plan included an underground approach to the airport. A branch line would shuttle between the Tel Aviv hotel district and the airport, and could also serve the thousands of workers commuting daily, to and from the Lod region.

The Minister referred to plans for a subway in Tel Aviv, but said that no final decision on the matter has been taken. It would have been undertaken jointly by the Tel Aviv Municipality and the Dan region, Israel Rail, and other parties. More immediate measures to relieve traffic congestion would be one-way traffic on central roads, with public transport to go both ways, along the Rehov Ben Yehuda. However, Peres said, there appears a real solution to the growing traffic congestion than the operated railways, whether of underground.

# European Cup game with Madrid tonight

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter  
TEL AVIV. — Tel Aviv Maccabi basketballers make their last home appearance in this year's European Cup competition tonight, entertaining the Spanish champions, Real Madrid, at the Yad Eliash Sports Palace. The game starts at 8.30 p.m. and will be televised from 9.10 p.m. Both Tel Aviv Maccabi and Real Madrid have already been ousted in the quarter-finals, losing on points average to Simmenthal of Milan and Red Star of Belgrade for the third and fourth place in their quarter-final group.

The visitors' opening quintet includes one American, Wayne Brundener. The others are Rodriguez, Rolan, Thiem and Ramos. Tel Aviv Maccabi will field Brodie, Chubin, Menkin, Schwartz and Starkman. The return game will be played in Madrid next week.

# Victim's sharp-eyed daughter nabs thief

BEERSHEBA. — An alert 15-year-old girl yesterday led police to the arrest of the man who snatched her mother's purse the day before. Mrs. Hanna Axelrod, of the Gimmel Quarter, withdrew IL3,000 from the bank Tuesday afternoon, and took the bus home. As she got off the bus, a young man snatched her purse and ran off.

Her daughter, who was at the bank with her, remembered seeing the thief at the bank. She recalled he had had an argument with the cashier when he refused to cash a cheque for IL240 payable to the man's mother, not him. It was easy for the police, after hearing this, to inquire at the bank and get the man's address. They arrested him yesterday morning with the IL3,000 still in his possession.

# Labour picks may candidate in Ashkelon

ASHKELON. — The Labour branch secretariat has decided to nominate a dark horse in Labour's list for the autumn municipal election. He is District Judge Aharon Halby, who — hoped — will be able to get the party and help it regain office of City Hall. (Gahal has been in power in Ashkelon since 1965. The present is Avraham Blasberg, who succeeded the late Rehavia Adini.) The branch council will meet next week with a representative central party headquarters to prove Judge Halby's nomination.

# Sde Boker college saved by Meir's intervention

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
The teachers' seminar at the Sde Boker College will remain open and retain its accreditation by the Ministry of Education, sources close to the College said yesterday. This follows an appeal by former Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion to intervene against the Council on Higher Education's decision to withdraw accreditation. The seminar, with 60 students, is one of three educational institutions which make up the Negev College.

The Education Ministry is said to have felt that the teachers' seminar was too small to be run economically and efficiently. It has 60 students. Suspects arrested in copper theft from army

HAIFA. — A merchant from Tel Aviv and a driver have been arrested on suspicion of trying to steal three tons of copper from an army store. In a joint operation of the Haifa and Tel Aviv police with the military police, a Rav-Samir Rishon (Sergeant-Major) was also arrested. The copper is said to be worth several thousand pounds. Police believe the N.C.O. provided entry permits for the merchant to enter the camp. The suspects will be arraigned in court this morning.

# WORLD ZIONIST ORGANIZATION

# TOUR VE'ALE

TONIGHT In Tel Aviv Thursday, February 8 Moshon Ha'oleh, 8.30 p.m. 109 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv (near Dan Hotel) "MEET THE ISRAELIS" A Programme for Tourists with New Immigrants, Settlers and Experts Including latest Israeli films Admission free. Everyone welcome.

You can obtain PAINTINGS by KA'DAR BE'LA only from the importer Large selection of original paintings.

ANDRA'S KLEIN 89 Sderot Rothschild, Tel Aviv Tel. 623759

INFORMATION WANTED ON SHERESHEFSKY or SHERESHEVSKY From Warsaw or Lomza. Sons of Joseph and Yehoshua now living in the U.S.A. under the name of Shereshefsky. Would like information on above. Expected to be in Israel early in March. Send message to No. 2023, Jerusalem Post, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Today 5000-5000 Mifal Hapayis Lottery Last tickets available near Mifal Hapayis Hall 3 Hauptmann Tel Aviv on the day of the drawing, till 6.55 p.m.



**ARARAT**  
INSURANCE COMPANY LTD  
TEL AVIV • HAIFA • JERUSALEM

## Allon: saturation in academic professions

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter  
Education Minister Yigal Allon said yesterday that the number of academic professions already reached the saturation point, which would lead to a massive unemployment of graduates from Israeli universities.

## 10th grade free in four years

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
Education Minister Yigal Allon said yesterday that the tenth grade of school would be free within four years. Speaking at the Jewish Agency Assembly in Jerusalem, the Minister envisaged a reduction of 25 per cent of tenth grade fees each year during the Eighth Knesset, leading within four years to their abolition.

Mr. Allon told the delegates that education, properly directed, was the major instrument in solving the problem of poverty. Pre-kindergarten schooling was the best method of social integration, and it was Government policy to have as many four-year-olds and three-year-olds as possible receiving such schooling.

No opposition was encountered from parents to the Government's efforts to keep potential wage-earners at school, he said sardonically. Some 70 per cent of Israel's four-year-olds already received pre-kindergarten education — one of the highest figures in the world.

Another recently-developed area of education which played a major role in social integration were the pre-academic courses which the universities hold in conjunction with the Ministry and the Jewish Agency. These courses were intended for demobilized soldiers who did not have a matriculation certificate but wished to proceed to higher education. Mr. Allon said that 85 per cent of students entering these courses eventually proceeded to university.

## BOY DIES OF BURNS

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
A five-year-old boy from Moshe Yehoshua in the eastern Negev died yesterday of burns he suffered on Tuesday. The boy, Danny Avital, and his mother, Mrs. Yehoshua, were playing in a junkyard near their home when a car caught fire with Danny inside. He suffered third degree burns, and Mrs. Yehoshua was only slightly injured.

Two brothers, Nissan and Zvi Avraham, owners of a restaurant at 136 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv, were hospitalized Tuesday night after being attacked by three young men. The three were arrested.

## Lord Caradon arrives here for visit

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
Lord Caradon, Britain's former ambassador to the U.N. and the man who is regarded as the author of Security Council Resolution 242 of November 1967, arrived in Jerusalem from Amman via the Allenby Bridge yesterday.

He is here on a private visit of several weeks as guest of the Anglican Archbishop of Jerusalem, George Appleton. He will meet Israeli and Arab acquaintances from the 1960s, when, as Sir Hugh Foot, he served as District Commissioner in the Nabulus District.

His meetings with Arabs will begin today at the British Consulate in Jerusalem. Later in the week, Lord Caradon is to confer with Foreign Minister Abba Eban.

On crossing Allenby Bridge, Lord Caradon said that his visit has no political implications. However, he stressed that he would convey his impressions on the current tour to the British people.

## MAX FISHER No U.S. pressure on Israel to make peace with Arabs

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
There is no danger of the American Government putting pressure on Israel to make major concessions to the Arabs, Mr. Max Fisher, a long-time political associate of President Nixon and Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Jewish Agency, told The Jerusalem Post yesterday.

The Detroit oilman believes that the main lesson which the Americans learned from the Vietnam peace talks is that the best means to get peace is through direct negotiations between the parties concerned. "Nobody is talking any more about four-power talks of two-power talks. This is a great advance," he commented.

The American leaders still think that the best approach to a Middle East peace is to begin with a partial settlement leading to the opening of the Suez Canal, as suggested originally by Minister of Defense Moshe Dayan, he said. "No doubt the President and Mr. Rogers will discuss all possible ways to get peace with Mrs. Meir, when she goes to Washington. But they will not bring any pressure on her in any way."



A leader of the Black Panther movement from Tel Aviv, Victor Tager, speaking at yesterday's Panther demonstration against spiralling prices at Elkor Menorah in Jerusalem. The police permit limited the rally to four speakers between the hours of 4 and 5.30. The Panthers complied to the minute. (Rahamim Israel)

## Meir: report on youth won't be shelved But no changes before elections

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
Prime Minister Golda Meir said yesterday the recommendations of the Committee on Disadvantaged Youth "will not remain a dead letter, but that no basic changes in welfare services could be made before elections later this year."

She was speaking at a meeting at Beit Elsheva in Jerusalem attended by most of the 126 members of the committee, set up two years ago by Mrs. Meir following the Black Panther demonstrations. Education Minister Yigal Allon and Health Minister Victor Shemtov were present.

A guaranteed minimum income is one of the recommendations of the committee whose report has not yet been made public.

No decisions were reached at yesterday's four-hour meeting — the second with the Prime Minister in four weeks. A third is to take place after her return from the U.S. in March.

The meeting heard three additional reports which had not been included in the original three-volume, 750-page survey, which was almost two years in the making. One of the papers dealt with the condition of youth among the minorities.

Fifteen commission members are still waiting their turn to speak — at the next meeting. The coordinator of the committee, Dr. Yisrael Katz, director of the National Insurance Institute, said that "it is important that all members have a chance to air their views."

It is expected that the report will be made public after the third, and final, discussion. Until now only fragmentary information on the commission's recommendations was available.

Although yesterday's meeting was filmed by television crews, it was closed to the press.

## Committee passes W. Banker jailed for molesting 9-year-old girl

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter  
The Knesset's Law, Constitution and Justice Committee, in a revote, yesterday approved the Labour Electoral Reform Bill for preparation for the formal first reading. Eight Labour members and Independent Meir Avishar voted for the bill. Eight voted against. There were two abstentions.

Two National Religious members, two from the Herut wing of Gahal, and one each from Mapam, the ILLP, Agudat Israel and the New Communists, voted against the reform. Two Liberals abstained.

(Last week the private members bill had been defeated by eight votes to seven, because one Labour M.K. and one Independent could not attend the Committee session.) The Labour private bill, sponsored by six Alignment Members, would replace the present system of proportional representation by a mixed system of constituency and proportional representation.

## W. Banker jailed for molesting 9-year-old girl

TEL AVIV. — A West Bank man convicted of molesting a nine-year-old girl in Bat Yam was sent to jail for two years yesterday.

The man, Sami Kassem, 28, of Tulkarm, had no previous convictions. Bat District Court Judge Avraham Khalilina opted for a stiff penalty in view of the adverse effects the experience might have on the victim.

The prosecution said Kassem had followed the Bat Yam girl home from a Hanukkah party in December 1971 and took her into a park, where he "committed an indecent act." The child ran home, upset and disheveled, and told her parents what had happened.

She and her father then drove around Bat Yam until they spotted the man she said had molested her. But he fled and was arrested only much later. (Itim)

ANOTHER FOUR persons injured in Saturday's bus accident at the foot of Mt. Hermon were discharged from the Government Hospital in Safad yesterday. The 11 persons still hospitalized are expected to be discharged soon.

## Teenagers shown effect of drugs on monkey

RISHON LEZION. — A group of high school seniors there saw a wild rhesus monkey tamed instantaneously under the influence of a narcotic drug yesterday, in an experiment conceived by the heads of the war against drug abuse.

One of the organizers of the experiment said the teenagers' reactions would be studied. If such live demonstrations cut down drug-taking among the youngsters, similar experiments will be carried out in other high schools.

The 12th-grade pupils at the Reali high school here yesterday saw a rhesus monkey injected with tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), the active ingredient in hashish and marijuana. The experimenter, pharmacologist Uziya Karlan, national president of the Jaycees (Junior Chamber), said the amount of THC injected into the bloodstream of the monkey was about the same (proportionate to body weight) as that absorbed by a human adult who smokes hashish.

(It is almost impossible to judge how much THC a hashish smoker absorbs, since the amount and the strength vary tremendously. However, Mr. Karlan denied that the monkey was given enough to produce an over-dose effect.)

Before the students' very eyes — the experiment was timed on a stopwatch — the previously wild monkey turned tame and apathetic, to the point of allowing the experimenter to put his finger in its mouth. The experiment was repeated on a group of white rats — all of whom stretched out limp and lethargic.

Then the students were shown the effect of an amphetamine on two other groups of white rats. One group took the "upper" drug "individually" (each in its own cage). The other group took it "as a group" (all in the same cage), so that the "group effect" of drug-taking could be demonstrated.

The individually treated rats appeared stunned and helpless. But the group-treated subjects (who only got half as much of the drug as

the other group) became hyperactive and began running around each other until they all died of exhaustion.

The demonstration was designed by Mr. Karlan after the interministerial committee on drug abuse (headed by Attorney-General Meir Shamgar) gave the Jaycees the go-ahead. (Government sources have estimated that there are some 40,000 drug users in Israel. Another survey showed that five per cent of all teenagers in Israel have tried hashish.) (Itim)

## Held for forging drug prescription

TEL AVIV. — A Jerusalem man was arrested here yesterday on suspicion of forging a doctor's prescription for an addictive drug. The man, whose name was not released, showed up at the Kupat Holim central pharmacy in Holon and presented a suspicious-looking prescription. The pharmacist called the police. When the man returned for his prescription, he was arrested.

## Baram scores Alignment M.K.s' truancy

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter  
Alignment Knesset faction chairman Moshe Baram warned on Tuesday night that unless Alignment Members were more diligent in attendance, the Opposition could quite easily catch them napping and deal the Coalition some embarrassing technical defeats.

Alignment attendance in the plenum gives grounds for great concern, Mr. Baram told the faction caucus. Apart from Cabinet Ministers, the number actively attending the plenum is in the low twenties, he said. (The Labour-Mapam Alignment has 56 M.K.s, including Cabinet Ministers.)

Mr. Baram said there was no reason why Deputy Ministers should not attend more often, too, especially on Wednesdays — when motions for the agenda and private bills are debated.

The faction chairman said he would ask Labour and Mapam not to stage party functions on Wednesdays before six p.m. He said Alignment Members would be notified in advance, in writing, what days they had to make sure they came to the House, and for which items of the agenda they should be present in the plenum chamber.

## Burglar alarm not burglar-proof

HAIFA. — Burglars smashed through the heavy glass door of a jewellery shop here early yesterday morning and made off with thousands of pounds worth of jewellery. The shop's burglar alarm rang unheeded.

Police said the alarm at the Bang Bang Jewellery shop in Hadar Hacharmel rang for over an hour—until a passing police patrol happened to notice it and alerted the owners. But by that time the shop had been cleaned out.

The "Itim" reporter here pointed out last night that the alarm system of most small shops are not connected to the local police stations. They simply ring in the shop. Neighbours and passersby are expected to call the police if they hear them. (Itim)

## Avneri urges electronic vote-counter

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter  
Knesset Member Uri Avneri has again appealed to the Speaker to record votes in the plenum chamber electronically.

He wrote Speaker Israel Yeshayahu that cases of miscounts had again occurred and in fact were unavoidable, because of the factor of human error. An increasing number of parliaments around the world were abandoning the ancient method of voting by show of hands, Mr. Avneri said.

An electronic system would show which way each member voted (if he voted at all). It would also serve as a record of attendance, he noted.

The system would cost relatively little, he claimed, and estimated it as less than the monthly sum allocated to one faction under the new party financing law. The Post learns that contractors' bids to install an electronic system run between IL200,000-IL300,000. A faction's monthly allocation depends on the size of the faction. Mr. Avneri will get IL9,000 monthly, if he has a one-man faction after the next elections.

On the basis of its present strength, the Labour-Mapam Alignment would get nearly IL500,000 a month.

## Party weekly's views again stir Labour

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter  
TEL AVIV. — A sharp attack on Israel's attitude towards Jordan and recent statements by Defence Minister Moshe Dayan appears in this week's issue of the Labour Party weekly "Ot."

The criticism is written by Yosef Sarid, who is the candidate of Finance Minister Pinhas Sapir and Tel Aviv Mayor Yehoshua Rabinowitz to head the party's election information drive. Mr. Sarid writes: "When King Hussein harkens to sounds emanating from Israel, he hears from some of our leaders that he is not regarded as a serious partner for peace negotiations. Whoever says that what Hussein has said until now does not offer a glimmer of a talking point, demands of him, in effect, that he submit unconditionally to Israel's dictation."

Mr. Sarid cleaves to the view outlined by Deputy Premier Yigal Allon and warns that Israel is risking "pushing Hussein into Egypt's arms."

Mr. Mordechai Ben-Porat M.K., one of the leaders of the Rafi wing, declared Thursday that the article has "justified our opposition to how the election headquarters is made up."

## Court order against Burg in 'ideological war'

The Interior Minister was yesterday given 30 days in which to justify his decision to withhold a development grant to a Habad educational institution. The order was issued by the High Court at the request of the Beit Rivka girls' school in Kfar Habad, which claims the Minister is trying to punish the Habad movement — by not giving money to one of its schools — for taking sides against him in an "ideological war."

The appellant says the money was withheld because Habad spearheaded a public campaign against Interior Minister Yosef Burg and other N.R.P. Cabinet ministers, over the controversial "Who's a Jew?" amendment to the Law of Return. (The Habad movement and other ultra-religious circles want "Jew" to be defined in that amendment as one born of a Jewish mother or converted by halacha. At present the law allows for conversions abroad by Reform and Conservative rabbis — which do not comply with the letter of halacha.)

The school further claims that the Minister had no objective reason for withholding the IL250,000 development budget it had requested. His refusal to give them the money, therefore, was based on "foreign and unacceptable considerations." (Itim)

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

Only a few 4 room apartments\* for occupancy by religious Jews are still available in this most modern 13 floor high-rise building on Pinsker Street, right next to the Talbie Rose Garden.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write today to MISH'HAB Housing Construction and Development Co. Ltd. Jerusalem: 1, Hagidim St. Tel.: 224181 Tel Aviv: 27, Lilienblum St. Tel.: 58144

# מישהב

WORLD ZION ORGANIZATION  
TOUR VISA

Make your home in Jerusalem, in the new MISH'HAB Tower, built on a hill in the heart of Jerusalem, opposite Mt. Zion and the Old City Walls.

No waiting — immediate Occupancy! Write



## 'L'Orient-Le Jour'

## Arabs held in Vienna planned to hijack train carrying Soviet Jews

BEIRUT. — Three Palestinians arrested last month in Austria planned to hijack a train carrying Soviet Jews from Moscow on their way to Israel, a Beirut newspaper reported yesterday.

The Arabs, travelling on false Israeli passports, were members of the Black September organization. Their plan was leaked to the Soviet Union by European Communists, probably British, who were close to the terrorist group, according to the French-language 'L'Orient-Le Jour'.

The Russians, in turn, reportedly tipped off the Austrian authorities before the operation could get underway. The three Arabs were seized as they entered the country and subsequently expelled from Austria. They denied any connection with terrorist groups, saying they came to Vienna to smuggle drugs.

Terrorist sources told the newspaper the Black Septemberists were undeterred by their Austrian failure and would strike again in an "operation of equal dimensions in the near future, possibly this month."

The three Palestinians planned to take over the Moscow-to-Vienna train, disconnect the cars in which the Jews were travelling, then demand safe-conduct for themselves and their hostages to an unnamed "friendly country," according to the newspaper.

It said the operation was designed to draw Arab attention to the part the Soviet Union was playing in the emigration of Jews to Israel and to underscore Moscow's "false friendship toward the Arabs."

Vienna is the main transit point for Russian Jews leaving the Soviet Union for Israel.

The terrorists were under strict orders not to harm the Jewish emigrants, claimed 'L'Orient-Le Jour,' which quoted sources close to the Black September organization.

"It was strictly forbidden for them to touch a single hair of their prisoners. The aim of the operation, like that of Bangkok, was to strike international public opinion without shocking it, and especially to accuse the Soviet Union for the first time publicly and openly," the paper said.

In Vienna, a police spokesman said yesterday that the three Arabs are probably still in the country, but the authorities have no reason to link them with the Black September organization.

"There was no evidence to link them with any such organization. As far as I know the three are still in Austria. This is no longer of any concern because the court case is settled," he said.

(AP, UPI)

## Syria ups budget by £20m.

DAMASCUS (Reuters). — The Syrian Parliament on Tuesday night approved the state's budget for 1973 which totalled 3,413 million Syrian pounds (about £241.5m). It is 208 million Syrian pounds (about £20.8m.) more than last year's budget.

The budget for national security, which includes defence ministry's spending, amounted to 786 million Syrian pounds (about £78.6m.)

## Italian F.M. arrives in Beirut

BEIRUT (AP). — Italian Foreign Minister Giuseppe Medici flew into Beirut yesterday and said his talks with Lebanese government leaders would focus on the Middle East conflict and matters of interest to Mediterranean nations.

"I hope the talks will be useful to both Lebanon and Italy," said Medici in an airport statement upon his arrival from the Saudi Arabian Red Sea port of Jidda.

He is scheduled to make a sight-seeing tour of Roman ruins at Baalbek before meeting today with Lebanese President Suleiman Frangieh and Foreign Minister Khalil Abu Hamad.

Medici visited Egypt and Saudi Arabia before coming to Lebanon.



Egyptian presidential envoy Hafez Ismail (left) shakes hands with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko before their talks in Moscow yesterday. (AP radiophoto)

Ismail in Moscow  
Sadat's 'Kissinger' meets with Gromyko

MOSCOW (UPI). — Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko held intensive talks with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's national security adviser yesterday in an effort to work out a common approach to a Middle East peace settlement.

Gromyko devoted much of his working day to meetings with the Egyptian official, Hafez Ismail, who arrived from Cairo Tuesday night.

Following more than an hour of talks yesterday morning, Gromyko hosted a luncheon for Ismail at the foreign ministry. Then the two men returned to the formal talks late yesterday afternoon, Egyptian officials said.

The Soviet news agency Tass described the talks as friendly and said they involved "a circumstantial exchange of opinions on a wide range of questions connected with the Middle East situation. Egyptian officials also declined to discuss the talks in detail."

But political sources in Cairo said earlier that the purpose of Ismail's visit was to coordinate Egyptian-Soviet policies regarding

an American plan to bring Israel and Egypt into indirect talks through an American intermediary. The sources said Egypt has revived this proposal, first put forward in 1971, sometime this spring. The talks would be aimed at an interim agreement on reopening the Suez Canal.

Ismail, whom Sadat has described as "My Kissinger," carried a letter from Sadat to Leonid Brezhnev, general secretary of the Communist party. But Egyptian sources said they had no information on a possible Ismail meeting with Brezhnev.

Gromyko and Ismail exchanged brief toasts at the luncheon, pledging cooperation between their countries, Egyptian officials said. First Deputy Premier Kirill Mazurov, a leading member of the ruling Politburo, attended the luncheon.

Egyptian officials said Ismail had no activities planned for last night. The schedule for today had not yet been worked out, except for a luncheon that Ambassador Abdel Kader is hosting for Gromyko.

## Africans condemn Israel for failure to withdraw

ADDIS ABABA. — Members of the 41-nation Organization of African Unity (OAU), yesterday criticized Israel for refusing to withdraw from occupied Arab lands, a spokesman said.

Mohammed Sahnoun, OAU assistant Secretary-General, said "a majority of those (16) countries which spoke during the general debate on the Middle East and other world problems called on Israel to pull out."

The OAU also decided to set up a nine-nation committee to draft a recommendation condemning Israeli aggression against Arab states.

The spokesman said the delegates of Zambia, Egypt, Mali, Morocco, Uganda, Algeria, Guinea, Gabon, Zaïre, Congo, Tunisia, Mauritania, Liberia, Tanzania, Ghana and the Sudan spoke during the political debate of the current 20th ministerial conference of the 41-nation OAU.

The OAU in the past has made similar anti-Israel recommendations. Conference sources said Arab delegates also were actively lobbying among countries south of the Sahara to follow the example of other nations which recently severed diplomatic relations with Israel.

Egyptian Foreign Minister Mohammed Hassan el Zayyat, when asked about this movement, said: "But it came too late, didn't it?"

Asked about a possible American initiative in the Middle East following the cease-fire in Vietnam, Zayyat told newsmen: "We are waiting, but perhaps you can tell us the answer."

"We have borne the strain of the Middle East conflict too long. We cannot bear it any longer."

Since the opening on Monday, OAU delegates have confined themselves mainly to voicing support for Egypt, Zambia in its confrontation with Rhodesia, and guerrillas in the Portuguese territory of Guinea-Bissau.

Sahnoun said the session had decided to make "a special effort" to help the guerrillas following the assassination last month of their leader, Amílcar Cabral.

Foreign Ministers and ambassadors concluded the general debate yesterday, then turned to working out a budget for 1973-74, which will be presented to the full heads of state meeting in May. (UPI, Reuters)

## Protestant protest

## Ulster is crippled by one-day strike

BELFAST (UPI). — Protestant militants crippled Northern Ireland yesterday with a general strike that slashed power supplies, closed shops and schools, brought factories to a standstill and kept tens of thousands of workers at home.

Militant Protestant leaders called the one-day strike to protest the jailing without trial of the first two Protestants held under anti-terrorism laws. Dozens of Roman Catholics have been similarly jailed.

Machinegun fire raked mourners at a guerrilla funeral and a mob of howling Protestants stormed the home of a Roman Catholic priest and set his church ablaze.

The attack on the funeral procession came as the coffins of three teenage IRA volunteers, killed in a shootout with the British Army at the weekend, were being carried up the Falls Road. Two bursts of fire rang out. An 11-year-old boy and a man aged 45 among the thousands of Roman Catholic mourners fell wounded.

A soldier said: "At first everyone thought it was the traditional salute of shots being fired over the coffins — then they realized it was an attack and hit the deck."

## POLICE ATTACKED

While the cortege was being attacked, Protestant youths in east Belfast attacked police stations with bricks and stones and another group invaded St. Anthony's Catholic church, setting it ablaze. Then the youths turned to the adjacent home of the parish priest. The priest's terrified housekeeper huddled in a room on the second floor while the youths smashed everything they could find downstairs.

The Northern Committee of the Irish Congress of Trade Unions, which opposed the strike, estimated 120,000 workers stayed at home —

a fifth of Ulster's 600,000-man workforce.

It accused Protestant extremists of using terror to enforce the strike call. "Many people who would have worked were prevented by fear and intimidation," a spokesman said.

William Craig, chairman of the Protestant Loyalist Council, which called the strike, admitted intimidation might have been used. "But it's of a minimal order. I don't attach any great importance to it," Craig said.

The strike "is certainly fulfilling what we set out to do. All promised support has been offered," he added.

Electric power was cut to a third of normal. Dr. Desmond Downing, a consultant at a hospital in Belfast, said the cuts had almost cost the lives of two patients undergoing surgery.

"This action has placed in jeopardy the lives of many hundreds of patients for very doubtful, and perhaps even despicable, motives," he told newsmen.

Men of the Protestant Ulster Defence Association picketed factories, warning workers to go home. They set up roadblocks on a main road in Belfast and on some country roads and searched cars. The British Army reported Catholic homes in some rural areas were daubed with paint and their windows broken.

Bomb scares were frequent in Belfast, most of whose stores closed down. No milk was delivered, few trains ran and bus services stopped.

Belfast's publicly owned bus company ordered its vehicles withdrawn "in the interest of worker safety" after crews who showed up for work were threatened.

Gangs of youths roamed provincial towns warning shopkeepers to close — or else.

## GOLDMANN:

## Bonn promises to try again on compensation for Jews

By BRIAN ARTHUR

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

BONN. — Dr. Nahum Goldmann said here Tuesday night he had obtained a "promise" from West German government leaders to make new efforts to pass legislation assuring financial compensation to Jewish victims of Nazism not eligible for such compensation under present laws.

Dr. Goldmann, head of the World Jewish Congress, told a reporter he obtained the pledge in meetings on Tuesday with Chancellor Willy Brandt and Finance Minister Helmut Schmidt.

He said the compensation had been "frozen" during last year's West German election campaign, but with the return of a stable government he expected new movement towards a solution.

Dr. Goldmann confirmed that the main problem involved East European Jews who came west only after 1985 and thus were cut out of benefits under West Germany's previous "Closing Law on Compensation." He said he had handed over a memorandum on the matter to government officials here.

Sources close to Dr. Goldmann said Bonn's main argument in dragging its feet in the compensation question was that West Germany had already paid more money than Jewish survivors of Nazism had ever hoped for. But these sources objected that the concept of closing off compensation after a certain date was absurd.

The Jewish leader said his talks with Chancellor Brandt also touched on the Middle East, but he declined to give details. Dr. Goldmann denied he had discussed the outlook for Communist East German restitution with Mr. Brandt. "I don't want to involve the West German government in this matter," he said.

However, Dr. Goldmann said he had no reason for optimism about a future change in East Germany's policy of refusing to grant restitution to Israel.

The "Bonner Rundschau" newspaper claimed yesterday that Dr. Goldmann hoped to use West German "diplomatic channels" to establish contact with Communist authorities in East Germany.

Mr. Goldmann reportedly left Bonn for Berlin yesterday, but there was no immediate indication who he would meet there or how long he would stay.

been "frozen" during last year's West German election campaign, but with the return of a stable government he expected new movement towards a solution.

Dr. Goldmann confirmed that the main problem involved East European Jews who came west only after 1985 and thus were cut out of benefits under West Germany's previous "Closing Law on Compensation." He said he had handed over a memorandum on the matter to government officials here.

Sources close to Dr. Goldmann said Bonn's main argument in dragging its feet in the compensation question was that West Germany had already paid more money than Jewish survivors of Nazism had ever hoped for. But these sources objected that the concept of closing off compensation after a certain date was absurd.

The Jewish leader said his talks with Chancellor Brandt also touched on the Middle East, but he declined to give details. Dr. Goldmann denied he had discussed the outlook for Communist East German restitution with Mr. Brandt. "I don't want to involve the West German government in this matter," he said.

However, Dr. Goldmann said he had no reason for optimism about a future change in East Germany's policy of refusing to grant restitution to Israel.

The "Bonner Rundschau" newspaper claimed yesterday that Dr. Goldmann hoped to use West German "diplomatic channels" to establish contact with Communist authorities in East Germany.

Mr. Goldmann reportedly left Bonn for Berlin yesterday, but there was no immediate indication who he would meet there or how long he would stay.

## Motorist kills himself because no one stopped

GREEN RIVER, Wyoming (AP).

A 25-year-old man killed himself after leaving a note saying his car stalled in frigid weather and no motorists would stop to help him, police say.

"I have been waiting 11 hours for someone to stop," said the note found next to the body of "Bud Huffstetler of Salt Lake City. "I can't stand the cold any longer and they just keep passing by."

Highway patrolman Darrell Frye said he found the body of Huffstetler early on Sunday. He said the car was out of gas and in the parking lane of the highway.

Sheriff John Zakovich said Huffstetler shot himself in the head with a .22-caliber pistol.

## Britain lauds Zambia's trade ban with Rhodesia

LONDON (AP). — Britain on Tuesday praised Zambia's continued closure of its trade routes through the rebel white-ruled colony of Rhodesia.

The Foreign Office also expressed British readiness to help the Zambians in their current economic confrontation with the regime of Premier Ian Smith.

"We believe in political contacts with the Rhodesians," a spokesman told reporters. "We do not believe in economic contacts."

He explained British governmental reasoning in this way: "We want free movement of people and ideas into Rhodesia. But we're all in favour of tighter sanctions against Rhodesia. We are trying to persuade them by hurting their economy to the point of forcing them into a settlement."

Mr. Smith at the weekend reopened his side of the Rhodesian-Zambian frontier because he said he had received Zambia assurances that action would be taken against guerrillas thrusting into Rhodesia.

Zambia President Kenneth Kaunda denied sending any such pledges and vowed to keep his own border

and customs posts closed until black rule is established in his neighbour state.

Meanwhile, Zambian imports and exports are moving to and from the landlocked country by way of Portuguese and Tanzanian territories at a cost that is imposing new strains on Kaunda's government.

The Foreign Office spokesman reported that Britain's Minister for Overseas Development, Richard Wood, in Lusaka last week, invited the Kaunda government to say what help it needed from Britain to offset the extra costs. A reply is still awaited. The possibilities of United Nations and African aid are also being investigated.

These pressures on Mr. Smith are, in the British view, being augmented by the political and economic difficulties he is encountering with his staunch friends, South Africa and Portugal. He consulted neither before closing the frontier last month.

The British believe all these problems piling up on Salisbury's doorstep could force the Smith regime into a dialogue with leaders of African opinion and with the British government itself.

## Mother aske for fatal dose doctor says



Dr. Geertrude Postma-van Boven outside court yesterday. (AP radiophoto)

LEEUEWARDEN, Holland (Reuters). — A woman doctor told a court here yesterday she gave her aged mother a fatal dose of morphine, at her mother's urgent request.

The doctor, Geertrude Postma-van Boven, 45, was answering questions when her trial opened in charge of the mercy killing of M. gine Grevelink, who was 78 and died 16 months ago.

Dr. Postma-van Boven said she injected 200 milligrammes of morphine, which she knew was a fatal dose, after saying goodbye to her mother, who died within a few minutes.

The doctor told the court that her husband, Dr. Andries Postma, was also a physician, was with her at the time.

The mother was a patient at Roman Catholic nursing home Oosterwolde, Friesland.

## East German shoot own border guard

BERLIN (AP). — East German border guards opened fire at police black range on Tuesday night to gun down one of their own comrades just inside East Berlin.

metres from the Checkpoint Charlie allied wall crossing point.

Eyewitness accounts said the incident occurred shortly before 8 p.m. local time, when a uniformed East German guard suddenly began running along the wall pursued by a group of others. They cornered him then he broke free a second time.

"They opened fire with automatic weapons at point-blank range even though he (the fleeing guard) was surrounded and unable to escape," a U.S. statement said.

The wounded guard's condition was unknown.

It was the most serious incident along the wall that divides Berlin since East-West accords were concluded aimed at reducing tension in the divided city.

The U.S. Berlin command, Maj.-Gen. William Cobb, promptly condemned the shooting.

"The U.S. Commandant strongly protests this irresponsible and unnecessary use of firearms in the midst of a populated area only a few metres from one of the principal crossing points for travel between the Eastern and Western sectors of Berlin," his statement said.

The West Berlin city government followed up with a statement of its own describing the shooting as endangering human life.

"East Germany," the statement said, "again has demonstrated... how prepared it is to use violence against human beings."

The shooting, a spokesman said, was in violation of the spirit and letter of the four power — U.S., Britain, France and the Soviet Union — agreement on Berlin. "It endangers efforts at detente. Such inhumanity must be rejected with all vigour."

## INDIA ON TOP IN 5th TEST

BOMBAY (Reuters). — India took command in the fifth and final Test match against England here yesterday, running up a first innings total of 448 and then claiming two England wickets for 41 runs.

## FOOD FOR BABIES

Dr. OETIKER'S GUSTIN  
5 x 2.50 grams — 12.50  
Possible to order by mail at:  
H. BIRKENFELD, 15 Rehov Haheladim, Tel. 04-62370, Haifa

## DUTY FREE Nikon

Cameras & Lenses  
HADAR  
36 Rehov Ahad Ha'am, Tel Aviv, Tel. 623407/8 and at selected photography shops.

## ANCIENT GLASS JUDAICA — OLD MAPS

KAUFMANN'S ANTIQUES  
81 Rehov Ben Yehuda  
Tel Aviv, Tel. 234112

**SIMMONS**  
Hide-a-beds  
Beautyrest Mattress  
and Boxspring,  
Trundle Beds, etc.

Israel's  
Pioneer Duty-Free Centre  
for New Immigrants and Temporary Residents  
**MURRAY S. GREENFIELD LTD.**

TEL AVIV: 10 Rehov Hayarkon, (opp. Dan Hotel), Tel. 232221.  
JERUSALEM: 10 Rehov Haheladim (cor. Ben Yehuda), Tel. 224493.  
HAIFA: 32 Rehov Peretz, Shekhem Bld. room 401, Tel. 663877.  
BEER-SHEVA: 51 Rehov Ha'atzmaut, Tel. 057-3517.  
ASHDOD: Merkaz "A", Binyan Hamisradim, entrance 2, room 11, Tel. 055-24660.

**MURRAY S. GREENFIELD LTD.**

**RENT-A-CAR**  
This coupon is worth  
**(FIVE) \$5. - DOLLARS**  
• RENT - A - CAR  
• DAILY TOURS  
• on minimum charge of \$100  
Agents for  
**UNITED Hertz TOURS**  
**SIGHTSEEING**  
81 Hayarkon St. - Tel Aviv  
7 to 10 p.m.  
Tel. 56248 932656

**Shul - Synagogue - Temple**  
Daven - Pray  
When was the last time?  
Come this Friday evening, at 5.30 p.m. to the auditorium of the Main Building, Tel Aviv University.

**PHILIPS**  
INCLIMATIC  
WASHING MACHINE NH 3111  
Only 775 Florins (±240 S) + IL.150

**DUTY FREE**

• 5 Kg. capacity of dry laundry.  
• 14 basic programmes for every kind of textile, including wool.  
• 2 washing speeds.  
• Inclined position of drum, contributing towards excellent washing results.

FOR DEMONSTRATION AND ORDER OF THE ABOVE MACHINE AND ALL OTHER PHILIPS APPLIANCES PLEASE APPLY TO  
**KOL-BO PHILIPS**  
17, TCHERNOMOVSKY ST. TEL-AVIV  
TEL. (03) 51167

**PHILIPS FOR LASTING VALUE**

**AMERICAN GARAGE DOORS**  
Fold-up to ceiling level  
NEW IN ISRAEL

In stock: big choice of wood and plastic doors in various colours.  
Single-car size: operated by hand or electric motor, actuated without getting out of the car.

Models in various sizes can be ordered; also for two cars.  
Considerable reduction for tax-exempt customers.

**TEPERSON BUILDING MATERIAL IMPORT CO.**  
2 Rehov Nordau, Herzliya (Gimel), Tel. 937681  
Sole agents for Frantz Manufacturing Co. Chicago.

**THE GREAT BRITISH SMILE**

A GREAT APPROACH TO THE REAL ESTATE BUSINESS

At Lin-Dar home-hunting starts with a smile. That's our basic philosophy.

The client knows we're pleased he came to us. And we make him glad he did — with good old British service, individual attention, impartial advice, and as fine a choice of Jerusalem apartments as he could hope for.

We may be new as a company, but we're old in experience: old enough to know the ins and outs of Jerusalem's real estate market; and old enough to know that a happy approach to business makes for happy clients.

So if you're looking for a very special apartment call Lin-Dar.

It's the British thing to do.

**LIN-DAR**  
REAL ESTATE & INVESTMENTS LTD  
12 SHAMAI STREET, ENTRANCE 'B', JERUSALEM. TEL: 233778





At least 18 persons died, 15 of them children, when fire broke out in the this five-storey Paris school Tuesday night. The school is normally empty at the time the fire started, but Tuesday evening municipal classes were using the premises. (AP Wirephoto)

## Fire in Paris school kills 18

PARIS — Weeping parents kept a night-long vigil in a nearby town, all for news of their children, after a fire swept through a Paris school Tuesday evening, burning to death at least 18 people — 15 of them children.

Five or six children are still unaccounted for.

The blaze started as the children were having music lessons Tuesday night and reduced the school to a mass of twisted metal.

Firemen, working through the night, had to stop to clear small fires which broke out as they went along. The children's bodies were found piled among the wreckage. On one wall a clock hung topped at 7:45 when the fire broke out.

"I don't understand what happened. I didn't notice anything," said an instructor of one of the music classes. "There was no explosion, no sound and no flames."

The teacher said that four classes were being held in the school, three for music and one for piano lessons.

All the children were aged between seven and 12, he added. It was the first time music classes had been held in the school.

The teacher said that he had 13 young children in his class, when another child opened the door and yelled there was a fire. He said that nothing was apparent as he led the children through a corridor, but thick smoke appeared as they reached a stairway. At that point the lights went out in the building.

Since it was impossible to go down the stairs, he said, he led the children back to another stairway which was also filled with smoke. He took the children back to the classroom, broke the windows and managed to get all but two out on ladders that were put up from the outside. He said he had no idea what happened to the two missing from the class.

"Everything happened very fast," said one fireman. "By the time we got there, it was already too late."

One witness living nearby said at "about 8 p.m. I saw a little flame at the level of the first floor, and I called to my husband 'there's a fire in the school.' I went back to the window three or four minutes later and the whole floor was in flames. I couldn't watch. Everything seemed to collapse at once. I didn't hear any explosion, but we could hear the windows breaking."

The pre-fabricated building of metal supports and concrete blocks was opened only two years ago.

One student at day classes in the building said that she noticed a smell of gas as she left the building Tuesday afternoon and had told a teacher. But the mayor of the 19th district, where the school was located, said there were no gas outlets in the classrooms.

(Reuters, AP)

## Brando may turn down Oscar

## The Disney empire that began with a mouse still rakes in millions

HOLLYWOOD (AP). — Will Marlon Brando follow George C. Scott's lead and refuse an Oscar if he wins one?

That is the speculation in Hollywood following Brando's refusal earlier this week to accept a Golden Globe from the Hollywood Foreign Press Association. He had been nominated as best dramatic actor for his role in "The Godfather."

Brando did not appear, nor did he designate anyone to accept his award for him. The presenter, Carol Burnett, merely walked off the stage at the Century Plaza Hotel with it.

The Foreign Press Association received a telegram from Brando reading:

"There is a singular lack of honour in this country today, what with the government's change of its citizens into objects of use, its imperialism and warlike intrusion into foreign countries and the killing not only of their inhabitants but also indirectly of our own people, its treatment of the Indians and the blacks, the assault on the press and the rape of the ideals which were the foundations of this country."

"I respectfully ask you to understand that to accept an honour, however well-intended, is to subtract from the meager amount left. Therefore, to simplify things, I hereby decline any nomination and deny anyone representing me."

**SCOTT'S REJECTION**

His action recalled George C. Scott's rejection of his Academy Award nomination for "Patton" two years ago and his refusal to accept the Oscar when he won Scott's reasons were professional, not political; he had assailed the Academy Awards as a "meat parade." His Oscar rests unclaimed at the academy.

Marlon Brando is certain to be nominated for a best-actor Oscar next Monday, and nearly everyone expects him to win it on March 27. He has become increasingly reclusive in the past two years, and there were doubts that he would appear for the ceremonies.

"If Marlon refused the Golden Globe," remarked a longtime associate of his "he'll probably refuse the Oscar, too. He has become more and more disturbed by what has been happening in this country, and he feels he should speak out."

Brando won a previous Oscar as best actor of 1954 for "On the Waterfront," and he was present to receive the award. That was before he became a political activist.

Jane Fonda, who is more of an activist than Brando, appeared to accept her Oscar for "Kluge" last year and made no political comments in her acceptance speech. She was reportedly advised by her father, Henry Fonda, to avoid using the awards as a forum.

LOS ANGELES (Otna). — TIME has stopped in the office where Walt Disney built his multi-million dollar entertainment empire. It is untouched, unoccupied, with everything exactly as he left it on his death (from lung cancer) in 1966. The scripts he was reading, the notes he had made are there on the desk. Disney's corporate heirs have made the little two-room suite into a shrine.

The year 1973 marks the 50th anniversary of the founding of the empire that began with a mouse, but walking around the Burbank headquarters of Disney Productions you get an eerie feeling that the suspension of time has carried over, into Dopey Drive and down Mickey Mouse Boulevard, out into Disneyland and Disney World, and the executive offices that market a product which touches some 300 million lives in 40 countries each week.

The Disney Corporation shuns new ideas and change like the plague; the executives at Burbank tend to speak of the great man as if he were still alive. "Would Walt approve?" is a question uppermost in their minds. His picture stares down, smiling kindly, from every office wall. Yes he'd approve, if it's clean, wholesome fun, barred sex and violence, made people happy and made lots of money.

There are no old films on the Disney shelves. Nothing was ever sold to television so nothing grows stale. The classics — "Pinocchio," "Snow White," "Cinderella," "Peter Pan," "Fantasia," "Mary Poppins" and the rest — are released to the world by rote: every seven years, say Disney executives, a completely new audience of moppets is ready, while the rest of the world is ripe for a reviewing.

"Dumbo" is on the rounds at the moment. It should rake in more than \$5m. With a half-million for promotion and a million for distribution there will be around \$4m. clear profit. "Do you know anyone else making that kind of money on a negative?" asks company president E. Cardon Walker.

Hardly: the major studios are selling out to oil millionaires, auctioning off their back lots, selling even the Wizard of Oz.

But in a time when seven out of every 10 films released fail at the box-office, Disney Productions earns \$26.7m. on revenue of \$76m. in one year. In a couple of months 28,000 Disney stockholders will be invited to the Los Angeles Music Centre for their annual general meeting. Wall Street predicts an increase of more than 100 per cent in profits over the last fiscal year.

So far "Snow White" has taken \$27m. at the box office. "Pinocchio" has made \$19m. "Mary Poppins" \$44m. But Mr. Walker observes that only about a quarter of the company's income last year came from films. By far the biggest money-spinners are California's Disneyland, which makes about \$80m.



The newest Disney gold mine — Disney World in Florida, which opened last year and where over 10 million visitors are expected by the end of the first year. Here, one of the World's 10,000 employees, Sherry Swets, stands hand-in-hand with Mickey Mouse.

a year (\$2m. in Mickey Mouse T-shirts and watches alone), and the new gold mine in Florida, Disney World.

Even the Burbank executives have been startled by the wild success of this latest addition to the Disney machine. Ten-mile long traffic jams over the Christmas holidays, 500 conventions scheduled over the next three years, the two hotels so heavily booked that the company is rushing to build more. Attendance for the first year will be over 10 million.

The founder of all this came to California from Kansas City with a few dollars in his pocket in August, 1923. He had a new cartoon idea — to make a version of "Alice in Wonderland" using a live Alice on an animated background. He made it, sold it and Disney productions was born. Over the next three years Disney produced 56 short "Alice comedies" employing three different Alices. Mickey Mouse didn't come along until 1928. His first words to an unsuspecting world were: "Hot dog!" Today, after 118 starring roles, the million dollar mouse is slightly fatter, and when he appears at Disneyland, east or west, he wears white tie and tails. Clean-cut and cute, honest, all-American and just a shade dumb — Mickey set the tone for all that for intellect is always suspect. The great parks, the executives who run the empire must conform to the image. Don't hope to work at Disneyland if you're Grumpy, Dopey, Sleepy or, come to that, any kind of dwarf. A few years back the park tried to ban long-hairs and folk with beards, but the march of progress proved too much even for the Disney bosses. Still, Disneyland stays super-clean, thanks to all the cute kids with shovels and pans who snatch up every paper cup the moment it's dropped. They even deodorize the mules.

Walt Disney's brother, Roy — reportedly the better businessman of the two — died a year ago, but the heirs are changing nothing. Walt's concepts and dreams are sacred. Let other animators and cartoonists scoff at the sterility, the conformity, the sameness of the work that comes from the Burbank studios. The world cannot have enough, it seems, of the Disney formula for instant happiness.

## CAN MAKARIOS RIDE OUT THE GRIVAS STORM?

As elections approach in Cyprus there are signs that General Grivas, now 75, is trying to foil them and so to unseat Archbishop Makarios. He has called for a boycott, circulated leaflets, sent his men to grab arms. As ever, he himself remains in hiding. But all the signs are, reports Gemini News Service, that Makarios will ride the storm as usual and stay in power for years to come.



President Makarios and his former Commander in Chief, General George Grivas, in friendlier days.

By ANTHEAS HADJIPAPAS

THE Cyprus presidential election due on February 18 is of the utmost importance for the island even though Archbishop Makarios is certain to win another term. His third since independence was gained from the British in 1960.

First of all, recent acts of violence in Cyprus tend to show that underground leader General George Grivas is out to foil the elections. He has called on his followers to boycott the polls and launched a series of attacks whose aim is obviously to undermine the prestige of the government, and create a state of confusion and chaos, so that the elections would have to be postponed.

If the elections do take place as planned, without serious trouble, that itself will amount to a victory for the Makarios administration.

The outcome of the election also has its special significance. Any large-scale indifference or opposition could mean an end to President Makarios' rule. The Archbishop has said that he will resign if he does not get at least 80 per cent of the vote. "Call it a matter of pride or sheer egoism," he told an interviewer.

In the previous election held in 1968, the Archbishop won nearly 96 per cent of the vote. It was a remarkable achievement. Both right and left joined forces to trounce opposition candidate Dr. Taki Diodoras. But things are different now. Grivas, the former EOKA leader who fought the British for four years before independence, has been on the island for the past 18 months to try to revive the struggle for Enosis, the island's union with Greece.

And if he can cause enough trouble to the Archbishop to force him to resign as President, it could mean the end of the present effort to find a permanent peace settlement for Cyprus, based on the island's continued independence.

President Makarios, now nearing his 60s, has challenged the 75-year-old General (his former Commander-in-Chief) to come out into the open and test his popularity at the polls. But Grivas, a master in guerrilla warfare, is no politician, and would certainly lose identifiably at the polls. He has chosen to fight the way he knows.

He has ordered pro-Rosses stu-

dents to organize demonstrations, sent his men to get arms, explosives and radio transmitters from a number of places (including Egypt), and circulated leaflets threatening teachers, policemen and judges with "punishment" if they take action against members of his underground organization.

Observers expect him to take more spectacular action, as the election time approaches — such as Tuesday night's raids on police stations throughout the island. Meanwhile, he himself remains in hiding.

For the time being it seems unlikely that the opposition will come forward with any rival candidate. Dr. Diodoras wanted to stand again, but the hardliners among the opposition rejected this, and he had to resign from the party leadership.

The important thing, in the minds of most observers, is the extent of abstentions. The left wing, which commands between 35-40 per cent of the electorate, is certain to give the Archbishop its unreserved support. But the right is not so solidly behind Makarios. In fact, it is only thanks to the efforts of Glafcos Clerides, leader of the United Party, the largest in parliament, that the Archbishop has been assured of a large portion of the right wing vote as well.

It is therefore now virtually certain that a good portion of Greek Cypriot nationalists will also vote for Makarios. But the question is: will he be able to secure that crucial 80 per cent of the vote?

The Turkish Cypriots will be going to the polls the same day to elect a Vice-President of the Republic. There does not seem to be any major problem in their case. Dymitris Raif Denktash is strongly tipped to win a landslide victory over his opponent, Mehmet Baharoglu. Denktash won Ankara's favour and, without even a real fight, he forced the long-time leader of the

## Pakistanis mob Waldheim, demanding return of P.O.W.s

RAWALPINDI (Reuters). — Rowdy demonstrators calling for the return of the 90,000 Pakistani prisoners of war detained in India greeted United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim when he arrived here yesterday on a three-day visit.

Thousands of relatives of the P.O.W.s, chanting "Bring our brothers back" stopped and mobbed the Secretary-General's car as he left nearby Islamabad Airport after flying in from New Delhi.

Mr. Waldheim, who is on a tour of five Asian countries, was scheduled to call on President Zulfikar Ali Bhutto later yesterday. Last night he was the Pakistani leader's dinner guest.

Shouted slogans went up from the crowd as Mr. Waldheim, his wife and a small team of U.N. Secretariat officials stepped from the private jet aircraft which had

brought them from the Indian capital.

The Secretary-General appeared unperturbed by the din as he was introduced to Pakistani officials.

In Geneva, the International Commission of Jurists yesterday criticized India and Bangladesh for refusing to repatriate 94,000 prisoners of war and civilian detainees.

An article in the independent jurists' journal, "The Review," said there was no justification in international law for their continued detention.

"India will not return them without the consent of Bangladesh, and Bangladesh will not consent until Pakistan recognizes the new state," it said.

"In this way the P.O.W.s are being used as a political bargaining counter, the very thing which the Geneva Convention (on prisoners of war) was designed to avoid."

# MOVE

your household goods with complete confidence in Israel or abroad.

## TRANSPORT EXPRESS AGENCY

will handle your entire move while you sit back and relax.

- Completely bonded and insured for your protection.
- Custom containers for foreign shipments.
- Trans your transit time.
- Moving specialists in pianos, refrigerators, statues, paintings and fragile items.
- Cuts costs.

PHONE: (03) 53183 or (03) 624133

Send this Coupon today for Complete Estimate. No obligation to you.

Please send me more information about your free moving estimate.

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_ CITY \_\_\_\_\_ MOVING TO \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

## GENERAL MORTGAGE BANK LIMITED

A SUBSIDIARY OF  
**BANK LEUMI**  
LE-ISRAEL B.M.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 1972

	IL	IL		IL	IL
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			<b>ASSETS</b>		
Share Capital	18,151,665	18,151,665	Loans	628,321,404	533,370,412
Reserves and			Deposits with the		
Unappropriated Profit	19,187,443	15,611,791	Israel Treasury	468,571,153	306,983,029
Debentures	572,382,104	368,015,758	Investments	3,056,091	2,160,318
Deposits for the Granting			Other Accounts	19,089,783	14,313,234
of Loans	438,096,905	399,205,498	Deferred Expenses (in		
Savings Deposits	38,057,803	26,778,967	connection with Issue		
Other Accounts	34,336,863	29,844,378	of Debentures)	1,174,350	781,062
			Fixed Assets at		
			Nominal value	2	2
	<b>1,120,212,783</b>	<b>857,608,057</b>			
				<b>1,120,212,783</b>	<b>857,608,057</b>

## Brunch

BRUNCH AT THE ACCADIA

Plan a pleasant, relaxing Saturday with your family at the Accadia Grand Hotel. Combine your morning coffee with the rich variety of food at our brunch buffet. The beautiful surroundings of this fashionable resort will make this delightful, sensibly priced meal even more delectable. Come out to the sun — come to Accadia.



# בנק אגוד לישראל בע"מ

## UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD

### BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 1972

	IL	1971* IL		IL	1971* IL
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>					
Share capital	4,800,000	4,800,000	Cash in Hand and Balances with Bank of Israel and Banking Institutions	713,044,856	449,604,216
Reserve for proposed distribution of bonus shares	1,200,000		Securities	21,313,586	18,600,859
Premium on shares	4,470,000	4,470,000	Loans and other Accounts, less provision for doubtful debts	534,472,203	507,792,801
General reserve and unappropriated balance of profit	3,367,860	2,617,565	Bank Premises and Equipment, at cost less depreciation	5,872,323	5,240,065
	<u>13,837,860</u>	<u>11,887,565</u>	Customers for Liabilities on their behalf	98,319,016	81,982,600
<b>Deposits and other accounts</b>					
Demand deposits	115,027,359	94,664,683			
Time deposits	333,917,847	260,868,747			
Deposits and loans from banking institutions	507,871,019	365,418,697			
Government deposits for the granting of loans	13,468,607	15,937,007			
Deposits and loans from Bank of Israel and banking institutions for the granting of loans	246,782,668	209,132,095			
Other accounts (including inner reserves)	43,797,608	23,329,147			
	<u>1,260,865,108</u>	<u>969,350,376</u>			
<b>Liabilities on account of customers</b>	98,319,016	81,982,600			
	<u>1,373,021,984</u>	<u>1,063,220,541</u>			

\* Reclassified

The notes accompanying these financial statements form an integral part thereof.

E. I. JAPHET, Chairman  
N. VERLINSKY, Director  
M. H. SACHS, Director  
W. HAUCK, Joint General Manager  
M. M. MAYER, Joint General Manager

Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of Union Bank of Israel Ltd.

We have examined the balance sheet of Union Bank of Israel Limited as at 31st December 1972 and the statement of profit and loss for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly we have applied such auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. In our opinion, the said balance sheet and statement of profit and loss present fairly in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles the financial position of the bank as at 31st December 1972 and the results of its operations for the year then ended, and have been drawn up in conformity with sections 3 and 4 of the Securities Regulations (Presentation of Financial Statements — 1969) and pursuant to sections 107 and 108 of the Companies Ordinance.

Tel-Aviv, 30th January 1973.

Somekh, Chalkin, Gitron & Co.  
Certified Public Accountants (Ier.)

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST. DECEMBER 1972

	IL	Preceding year* IL
<b>Operating income</b>		
Interest on loans and discounts	36,573,850	28,563,928
Interest on deposits with Bank of Israel and banking institutions	33,134,740	25,248,083
Interest on Government obligations and debentures approved for investment**	1,946,064	1,823,140
Other income (net) from transactions in securities held for trading purposes *	2,163,238	1,022,055
Commissions and other income	16,120,146	11,133,930
<b>Total</b>	<u>89,938,058</u>	<u>67,791,136</u>
<b>Operating expenses</b>		
Interest on deposits, savings and loans**	56,824,428	46,344,668
Commissions	222,557	114,352
Provision for doubtful debts, net	1,245,877	794,406
Salaries and social and other benefits	16,804,085	11,449,045
Occupancy of bank premises, net	906,570	780,282
Depreciation on bank premises, equipment and fittings and amortization on leasehold rights	339,726	380,764
Other expenses	5,219,520	3,961,836
<b>Total</b>	<u>81,562,763</u>	<u>63,825,353</u>
<b>Operating profit, before taxes on income</b>	8,375,295	3,965,783
<b>Provision for taxes on income</b>	4,945,000	2,283,000
<b>Net profit, before extraordinary income</b>	3,430,295	1,682,783
<b>Extraordinary income applicable to the year 1971, after taxes relating thereto of IL 800,000</b>	—	695,000
<b>Balance of profit at beginning of year</b>	67,585	68,782
<b>Profit available for appropriation</b>	<u>3,497,880</u>	<u>2,444,565</u>
<b>Appropriation of profit</b>		
Transfer to general reserve	750,000	500,000
Transfer to inner reserve	1,000,000	750,000
Extraordinary income (net) transferred to inner reserve	—	695,000
Transfer to reserve for proposed distribution of bonus shares	1,200,000	—
<b>Dividend (gross) —</b>		
interim, paid — 4.5%	216,000	—
final, proposed — 5.5% (1971 — 9%)	264,000	432,000
	<u>3,430,000</u>	<u>2,377,000</u>
<b>Balance of unappropriated profit</b>	<u>67,880</u>	<u>67,565</u>

\* Restated — see note 12  
\*\* Including linkage differences.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST. DECEMBER 1972

The securities comprise:					
Securities approved for investment —					
These are stated as follows:					
Linked to the consumer price index —					
as cost plus linkage differences and interest accrued					
Linked to the consumer price index —					
or not linked to the index's value —					
as the higher of the two values including accrued interest					
Quoted					
(Market value IL 2,743,800, 1971 — IL 4,751,500)	2,362,386	5,126,397			
Unquoted	8,696,160	3,115,872			
Disagreement					
Quoted					
(Market value IL 2,950,142, 1971 — IL 2,581,874)	3,645,946	2,647,105			
Less — interest and linkage differences accrued	14,384,386	10,889,370			
Total securities approved for investment	3,297,945	2,707,472			
	11,496,563	8,189,876			
Securities other than those approved for investment —					
These are stated as follows:					
Government obligations and debentures					
Quoted					
Linked to the consumer price index or to foreign currency — at the lower of cost plus linkage differences and interest accrued or market value					
Linked to the consumer price index or not linked to the index's value — as the higher of the two values including accrued interest or market value whichever is lower					
Quoted					
(Market value IL 1,421,623, 1971 — IL 483,971)	1,418,385	488,971			
Unquoted					
Disagreement					
Quoted					
(Market value IL 121,054, 1971 — IL 70,959)	135,849	70,959			
Level — interest and linkage differences accrued	—	11,764			
	1,547,811	526,347			
Share					
Quoted					
(Market value IL 678,756, 1971 — IL 52,715)	688,955	58,715			
Unquoted					
Disagreement					
Other					
Total securities other than those approved for investment	8,817,625	10,416,841			
Total securities in balance sheet	21,313,586	18,600,859			

The amount of interest and linkage differences accrued on the securities as shown above have been included under assets in the item "Other Accounts".

2. Loans and other accounts, less provision for doubtful debts comprise:

	IL	1971	IL
Loans and other accounts	348,525,884	264,740,278	
Loans and other accounts	259,282,647	224,124,126	
Loans and other accounts	21,997,965	18,599,418	
Other accounts	534,472,203	507,792,801	
Total	534,472,203	507,792,801	

3. The item "Bank premises and equipment" includes buildings and leasehold rights.

4. Liabilities on account of customers and the corresponding customers' reserves comprise:

	IL	1971	IL
Disagreement	36,354,973	24,825,127	
Disagreement	—	18,518,868	
Disagreement and other accounts	59,964,043	37,030,147	
Total	96,319,016	81,982,600	

5. The share capital comprise:

	IL	1971	IL
Ordinary shares of IL 1 each	4,800,000	4,800,000	
Preference shares of IL 1 each	600,000	600,000	
Total	5,400,000	5,400,000	

6. The item "Deposits and Loans" includes amounts received from Bank of Israel in connection with the funds for financing of exports, amounts received from Bank of Israel in connection with the purchase of the funds for financing of export shipments are included in the item "Cash in hand and balances with Bank of Israel and banking institutions".

7. Balances relating to subsidiary companies are included in the balance sheet in the following items:

	IL	1971	IL
Assets			
Loans and other accounts	9,258	10,193	
Liabilities			
Deposits and other accounts	172,720	231,789	

8. The Bank's commitments for gift certificate pay and for the payment of pension to certain employees are actuarially determined amounts of IL 15,143,000 (1971 — IL 9,941,000). These commitments are fully covered by amounts accumulated with an approved insurance fund and by provisions after taking into account the net savings which will arise upon payment, but of these provisions the amounts accumulated with the approved insurance fund are included in "Other accounts on bank's side of the balance sheet".

9. There are the following commitments and contingent liabilities:

a) Forward contracts for the sale and purchase of foreign currencies are entered into by the Bank for the due payment of the principal sum, which is managed by the Bank for the due payment of the principal sum, which is managed by the Bank for the due payment of the principal sum, which is managed by the Bank for the due payment of the principal sum.

b) The Bank is a guarantor of the amounts guaranteed by the Bank for the due payment of the principal sum, which is managed by the Bank for the due payment of the principal sum, which is managed by the Bank for the due payment of the principal sum.

10. Assets and liabilities in foreign currency are stated at the official rate of exchange on 31st December 1972 and on 31st December 1971 was IL 1 = L 4.400.

11. Final placements for loans on account have been received by the Bank for the years up to and including 1970.

12. The comparative figures for the year 1971 in the statement of profit and loss have been restated to include extraordinary income (net) of IL 695,000 (interest in the year 1971, 7th December 1971).

13. Statement pursuant to section 107 (5) of the Companies Ordinance: The profits of the subsidiary companies have not been included in these Accounts.

הכנת האזרח



# B.J. ON JEWS HE KNEW

ary, 1965, a new edition of 'Who in World Jewry' was published in New York. At a reference to the following of the guests — a Jew — that the first copy, in addition and with a dedication to be presented to President Lyndon B. Johnson for the White House, was invited to visit the White House, on the afternoon of March 15, 1965.

ided in Washington, I had to wait for the appointment to take place. The air of the occasion was not unusual for the occasion after the tragic assassination in Selma, just a few days earlier, and had been added to the White House, I announced over the radio at 9 p.m. the President would be speaking to a joint session of Congress — a gesture since the days of President Lincoln.

surprise, as the cab drove circular path to the man and was expecting me; he the cab and led me to a House. Surrounding the path, even in the fading light, a large park which looked like a large park with many objects and books, where I sat on the path, because I told me that, because of the joint session, the President was resting in his quarters, but he was excited and would see me there.

I Watson through an out to the East Wing. It was but the stranger that was me was more from excitement and eagerness.

g up a flight of stairs I went in a large bare hall, young man at a desk, the Boss? Watson asked, the man answered, ushered us into the President's room. I noticed a large room, two sitting on the walls and 16th and 17th century and drawings. I kept looking at the Kennedy portrait in the Kennedy portrait in sports clothes, next to them. I read the text: "To Lady Bird and Jackie and I want you to be here as on your own (me) Jack." It seemed to only warm them in this living room.

Johnson hurriedly entered and offered a drink; she door through which I saw the man and his wife. A butte jacket served Bourbon, rocks, crackers and nuts. Johnson was now seated on the chair making small talk, as

**I.J. CARMIN KARPMAN**, the editor of "Who's Who in World Jewry," reports on how he was given a preview of the historic Civil Rights Message delivered by the late President Lyndon Baines Johnson — three hours before America heard it over television and radio, on March 15, 1965.



L.B.J. with Mr. Jim Novy of Austin, Texas, when the President dedicated a synagogue there in 1964.

Marvin Watson returned and asked me to follow him into the bedroom. There in a simple four-poster bed, under a blue canopy, reposed the 36th President of the United States, under a blanket and white coverlet.

On either side of the bed was a night table, lamp, telephone extensions, paper pads and lots of yellow pencils. I was asked to sit on a chair right near the bed. The President held his glasses in his left hand and a lot of papers in his right hand as he said: "Please feel at home."

Mrs. Johnson came in, carrying a pencil in her hand, and stood leaning on a post of the bed. First Linda, then Jack joined their mother and watched us silently.

It was so quiet in the room — no one said a word; the phone never rang. Still, I could feel the anxiety and tension around me. The

marks of strain were clearly visible on all faces, and most of all on Jack Valenti's, the Presidential press officer, who was apparently waiting for the speech draft. I looked at my watch: it was now 5:30 — three and a half hours from now the President is due to address the Joint Session of Congress. Will I have a chance to read the two-minute dedication of my book? I had a sudden feeling of compassion for what has been termed "the terrible loneliness of the White House office," even though it was just a family bedroom.

Then, without a word of warning, the President swung his long figure out of bed, leaned over to my chair, looked straight into my eyes, and with a faint smile asked for the book. He glanced at it and said: "You are the editor?" I said yes, and started to recite the dedication: "To the President of the United States of America..."

whereupon he motioned with his arm to stop me, and without further ado put his papers on his knees and began reading out his message to the nation. With a yellow pencil he made one correction after another. For example:

"This was the first nation in the history of the world to be founded with a purpose. The great phrases of that purpose still sound in every American heart."

North and South, 'All men are created equal' — Government by consent of the governed" — "Give me liberty or give me death; Those are not just clever words or empty theories. In their name Americans have fought and died for two centuries, and today are giving their lives."

The President read the last sentence again, and replaced the word "giving" with "risking" (their lives).

"The Constitution says no person shall be kept from voting because of his race or color. We have all sworn an oath before God to support and defend the Constitution. We shall now act in obedience to that oath."

He crossed out "shall" and wrote "must."

"To those who seek to avoid action by their Federal Government," he changed "Federal" to "national."

Each time, he replaced the words "shall" to "must," and "Federal" to "national." When he reached the sentence: "We cannot wait; we have already waited 95 years," the President raised his head, lowering over me and remarked: "Why 95, it's more than a hundred years."

My attention was alerted when the President read: "It is not just Negroes, but all of us, who must overcome the crippling legacy of bigotry and injustice," and with a bang added: "And we shall overcome." Again, he looked at me and read the final part of the Message:

"My first job after college was as a teacher in a small Mexican-American school. My students were poor and often hungry, and they knew, even in their youth, the pain of prejudice. They didn't understand why people disliked them. But they knew it was not their fault. I often walked home after classes wishing there was more I could do. But all I knew was to teach them the little I knew — hoping it might help them against the hardships that lay ahead. I never thought then that I might be standing here. It never occurred to me that I might have a chance to help the sons of those students and people like them all over this country."

With a smile he placed the pages on the bed sheet, and after a few seconds of reflection, he picked them up and added in a loud voice, as he wrote:

"But now that I have this chance I mean to take it. And I hope that you will take it with me."

**Bare feet**  
The President now seemed to be relaxed, the task was finished, and he went back to bed, with his feet sticking out. Bob Watson and Valenti silently left the room. Lady Bird and the girls were still at the bedposts. My impression was that they would appreciate my leaving and let LBJ rest up before his speech. The President pulled up the bed coverlet and picked up my book. As he began thumbing the pages, I looked around now more at ease and noticed a large photo of Lady Bird in a red sweater, and a smaller one with a Texas landscape.

President turned to me: "Ed, I brought this young man to the U.S. before the war. He was a poor boy and now he is a great American musician and conductor."

Then he talked excitedly about his efforts as a Congressman to save Jews from Europe in 1938 and 1939 with visas to Cuba; some went to Palestine, others to the U.S. "I still receive invitations to their children's Bar-Mitzvas and weddings," he said. He resumed leafing through the volume, stopped at the biographies of Ben-Gurion, Eshkol and Arthur J. Goldberg.

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."

A stern look crossed his face as he put out both arms and with an impatient gesture asked: "Now, why does Ben-Gurion talk about these things just because of his friction with Eshkol?"

He turned some pages and addressed me: "Tell me something — you are the editor of Jewish encyclopedias, you know about the Jewish people and for Israel, tell me: Why do the Jews talk so much?" Without pause, he continued: "Well it is now a historical fact that I promised Eshkol our help, but much too much has been said about it."



## Better fighter than actor

Israel cinema has suddenly been invaded by films from the Far East dealing with Chinese pugilism. **FIST OF FURY** (Ben Tehuda, Tel Aviv), is one of four such productions currently being screened here and drawing big audiences, and more are on the way. (The other three are "The Invincible Boxer," "The King Boxer" and "The Chinese Boxer").

Fist of Fury was made in Hong Kong and stars former fighter Bruce Lee, now one of South-east Asia's movie idols.

Directed by Lo Wei, the film's interesting background is the old International Settlement of Shanghai, and the story centres on the bitter rivalry between the Chinese and Japanese schools of martial art there (the theme is very nationalistic, with the Japanese depicted in the worst possible light). The piece gains by not laying too much stress on the fight scenes — though there is no shortage of the violence which seems mandatory in this category of production — and those that are shown are superbly done, with the barefisted sportsmen indulging in a fearsome mixture of boxing, karate and judo.

However, Bruce Lee's breathtaking pugilistic skills far exceed his dramatic ability. The standard of acting of the rest of the cast is mixed, with Nora Miao most appealing as the heroine.

The English dubbing from the original Chinese is not very successful.

**FREE VERSE**  
Dr. Allen Grossman, author of three volumes of poetry, will give a reading at the U.S. Cultural Centre in Tel Aviv on Sunday, February 12, 8:30 p.m. in the second of the Centre's "Poetry Evenings, 1972" series. Dr. Grossman, Associate Professor of English at Brandeis University and Visiting Lecturer in New Testament at the University of the Negev, has published "A Harlot's Hire," "The Recluse" and "And the Dew Lay All Night," and a book of criticism, "Poetic Knowledge." Free tickets may be ordered by phoning 03-56171, Extension 274 or 255 daily except Sunday from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

# NO CHANGE SEEN AT LEAGUE TOP

**TEL AVIV.** — The three leaders in the National Soccer League, Hakoah, Tel Aviv Hapoel and Jerusalem Hapoel, all play away games this Saturday. No drastic changes need be anticipated in the standings at the top or bottom of the table.

Hakoah-Maccabi of Ramat Gan play at Bloomfield against the in form Tel Aviv Betar, surprise winners of their last two League games — against Jaffa Maccabi and Netanya Maccabi. Hakoah too, have toughened up their defence and are a hard team to score against. They have conceded only 12 goals in 19 League games. The Betar forwards, who have scored 19 goals compared with Hakoah's 27 will have a tough afternoon. With Sharabani, Farkas and Djerbi in the lineup, Hakoah look the more likely to get goals, although a top form performance might just enable Tel Aviv Betar to hold onto a point.

Beersheba Hapoel has topped up a run of League wins and return home after their 4:2 triumph over Tel Aviv Hapoel last week. Travelling to the Negev will be third-placed Jerusalem Hapoel. The Jerusalem team have developed into a sound home side but they are less impressive away. Still, with a defence that has conceded only 13 goals, compared with Beersheba Hapoel's 24, the Jerusalem team will not be easily beaten. A draw looks possible.

Tel Aviv Hapoel, second in the League, travel to Rehovot to meet bottom of the league Marmorek Hapoel. The Marmorek enthusiasm is worth more than the 11 points they have collected this season, their first in the National League. In at least half a dozen matches, they have been unlucky to lose by the odd goal. Tel Aviv Hapoel are badly off form, and are playing nothing like the football they showed early in the season. On paper, Tel Aviv Hapoel are the stronger of these combinations but Marmorek's keenness should at least earn them one point.

Last season's National League leaders and runner-up clash at the YMCA stadium in Jerusalem, but Tel Aviv Maccabi and Jerusalem Hapoel will provide only a pale shadow of what the clubs offered last year. Jerusalem Hapoel have shown depressingly poor form for most of this season, especially when playing outside Jerusalem. They have scored only 15 goals in 19 League games, but their defence went to pieces in recent weeks. The youngsters brought into the Tel Aviv Maccabi team this season are beginning to make their presence felt, and Maccabi are now a much harder team to beat than in



the early part of the season. On current form I doubt if Betar is good enough to beat Tel Aviv Maccabi, even at home, and a draw looks a more likely result.

Two other clubs which have to fight seriously for every point are Shimshon and Petah Tikva Hapoel. Shimshon in 15th place return home to play Kfar Saba Hapoel. At their best, Shimshon's forwards Gideon Danti and Moshe Romano could win a home game like this comfortably, but their shooting has become so unpredictable that any result could emerge from this game.

Petah Tikva Hapoel forwards have scored fewer goals than any other attack in the country. Fourteen goals in 19 games are not very inspiring, and with Hafia Hapoel as visitors, points will not come easily for the Petah Tikva side this Saturday. Their biggest asset is goalkeeper Yitzhak Visoker, and he may again save his side a point.

Only two persons, one a soldier from Bat Yam, pinpointed 13 correct results on the Sportoto football coupon, to collect IL125,000 each. Seventy-five coupons had 12 results right, worth IL1,250 each. Eleven results are worth IL83 and nearly 9,000 coupons had 10 results earning IL11 per line.

**TOTO GUIDE**  
Jaffa Maccabi v Netanya Maccabi 1 x  
Beersheba Hapoel v Jerusalem Hapoel 1 x  
Tel Aviv Betar v Hakoah Maccabi 1 x  
Shimshon v Kfar Saba Hapoel 1 x  
Petah Tikva Hapoel v Hafia Hapoel 1 x  
Hafia Maccabi v Petah Tikva Hapoel 1 x  
Jerusalem Hapoel v Tel Aviv Maccabi 1 x  
Marmorek Hapoel v Tel Aviv Hapoel 1 x  
Tel Aviv Hapoel v Be'er Yassov Hapoel 1 x  
Ashdod Hapoel v Ramla Hapoel 1 x  
Shamir Hapoel v Be'er Yehuda 1 x  
Ma'ane Yehuda Hap. v Ramat Gan Hap. 1 x  
Migdal Haemek Hapoel v Herzliya Mac. 2 x

**MAGNES RACE AT HEBREW U.**  
The annual Magnes Race, around the perimeter of the Hebrew University's Givat Ram campus, was won Tuesday by Gil Avner of Hafia Hapoel, who ran the five-kilometre course in 16 minutes, 12 seconds. Second place was taken by Yair Karni of Hapoel Emek Refer (16:55.6), and third place went to Moshe Hiyun of Hof Hacharmel (17:11).

Best group results were achieved by Hapoel Emek Hefer, and best achieved by the Gymnasia Ivrit high schoolers of Jerusalem.

# THE PALISTINE POST

INCORPORATING

the Palestine Bulletin

Vol. VIII, No. 2291

JERUSALEM, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1972

(Friday 2 — Shabbat 3)

Price: 10 Wils.

## SECOND BRITISH NOTE

Weighty Cabinet Meeting

London, Wednesday. — The British Cabinet met today for a long session, the longest since the election of the Conservative Government in October 1970. The meeting was held in the Cabinet Room at 10 Downing Street, and lasted for over four hours. The Prime Minister, Mr. Edward Heath, presided over the meeting, which was attended by all 24 Cabinet Ministers. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor. The meeting was held in the presence of the Queen's representative, the Lord Chamberlain, and the Lord High Chancellor.

## The Palestine Post: Announcement

Today's issue of the Palestine Post contains an important announcement regarding the situation in the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East. The announcement was made by the Prime Minister of Israel, Mr. Golda Meir, and it is of great importance to the people of the State of Israel and to the people of the Middle East.

## BRITISH OFFICIALS IN EGYPT

London, Tuesday. — The British Government has announced that it will send a large number of British officials to Egypt to assist in the reconstruction of the country. The officials will be sent to Egypt to assist



**THE JERUSALEM POST CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS**

**DEADLINES:**  
Jerusalem: For Sunday, 5 p.m. Thursday; Weekdays, 10 a.m. of day prior to publication;  
For Friday, 5 p.m. Wednesday.  
Tel Aviv and Haifa: For Sunday, 12 noon Thursday; Weekdays and Friday, 12 noon two days prior to publication.

Accepted at all offices of THE JERUSALEM POST and all recognized agencies.

**RATE (per word) Weekdays: 80 ag. Fridays and Holidays: IL 1.20**

### Where to Dine

**BALFOUR CAFE**, kosher restaurant and deli bar, 2 Rehov Balfour, Tel. 04-522215, Haifa.

**LA TRATTORIA**, 119 St. Hansel, Merkaz-Haemod, Haifa, for gourmet. 04-522215.

### Where to Stay

**THE HOSTEL**, Tel Aviv, 60 Rehov Ben Tehuda, nightly, 1171 private, single, double rooms, air conditioning, Tel. (03) 282221.

### Business Offers

**INVESTOR** art gallery, tourist and Tel. Aviv, Call Murray S. Greenfield, Tel. (03) 282221.

**CLIENT** with ready cash wants to purchase about 100 shares of Anglo-Saxon Real Estate, 7 Kikar HaTzema, Netanya, Tel. 053-23300.

**ACTIVE PARTNER** with small office building, 150,000. Good profits. Tel. (03) 42333.

### Dwellings

#### JERUSALEM AND VICINITY

**TO LET** furnished apartment, 3 rooms, central town, Tel. 02-22221, office hours.

**APARTMENTS WANTED**, good locations, Haifa, Tel. 02-22221, office hours.

**FOR SALE**, well-kept, 3 rooms + 1 bath in Kiryat Yehonatan, good location, good playing area for children, 110,000. Geri-Garun Real Estate, Migdal HaSeka, Phone 02-22221.

**REHABA**, for sale, 2 bedrooms, salon, 2 balconies, nice view, convenient location, quiet street, 155,000. Matchmakers, Phone 02-22221.

**RAMAT ESHKOL**, for immediate sale, 3 large bedrooms, spacious salon and dining area, balcony, walk in closet, bedroom and kitchen cabinets included, 4th floor, 115,000. Phone (02) 8061.

**BEIT HAKEREM**, for sale, 3 bedrooms, spacious salon, walk in closet, 1st shopping and buses, a good buy at 115,000. Matchmakers, Phone 02-22221.

**REHABA**, for sale, 3 bedrooms, large salon, study, terrace, with garden, laundry room, central location 117,000. Matchmakers, Phone 02-22221.

**RAMAT ESHKOL**, immediate occupancy, brand new apartment for sale, 3 bedrooms, salon, large balcony with magnificent view of the city, small store, 6th floor, with elevator, convenient to shopping, schools, buses and synagogue, 150,000. Matchmakers, Phone (02) 8061.

#### TEL AVIV AND VICINITY

**FOR RENT**, Rehov Hayarkon, near Hilton, 2 room luxurious flat, furnished, 117,000. Tel. 03-52221, room 631, Tel. 03-52221, 52221.

**4 ROOM APARTMENT**, to lease, best residential area, Tel. (03) 25127.

**3 ROOM FLAT**, fully furnished, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR MONTHLY RENT**, 24 room flat, telephone, beginning from March 1st, for 2 years, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**STILL REMAINING** two 54 room flats, in building of 4 flats (each floor all conveniences), 117,000. Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**AT THE OFFICE** of the Gen Building, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

### Vehicles

**PASSPORT SALE** 1969 VW Minibus Tel. 02-54554, 5-5 p.m.

**1970 AMERICAN MOTORS "Hornet"** perfect, 43,000 miles passport sale, not on Shabbat. Tel. 02-54554.

**PASSPORT SALE** motorbicycle Suzuki from 17,000 km. Vincent Bolt 31, Rehov Eilat Haher after 3 p.m.

**"CENTRE" AUTO RENTAL** special rates with unlimited mileage. Beit Harzev, Migdal Shalom, Tel. Aviv. Tel. 02-51212.

### Others

**IN PETAH TIKVA**, 7 Rehov Aharonson, luxury flat, 4 rooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 balconies, Tel. (03) 31333.

**PETAH TIKVA**, 5 rooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 balconies, Tel. (03) 31333.

**REHOVOT**, 3 rooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 balconies, Tel. (03) 31333.

### Business Offers

**INVESTOR** art gallery, tourist and Tel. Aviv, Call Murray S. Greenfield, Tel. (03) 282221.

**CLIENT** with ready cash wants to purchase about 100 shares of Anglo-Saxon Real Estate, 7 Kikar HaTzema, Netanya, Tel. 053-23300.

**ACTIVE PARTNER** with small office building, 150,000. Good profits. Tel. (03) 42333.

### Dwellings

#### JERUSALEM AND VICINITY

**TO LET** furnished apartment, 3 rooms, central town, Tel. 02-22221, office hours.

**APARTMENTS WANTED**, good locations, Haifa, Tel. 02-22221, office hours.

**FOR SALE**, well-kept, 3 rooms + 1 bath in Kiryat Yehonatan, good location, good playing area for children, 110,000. Geri-Garun Real Estate, Migdal HaSeka, Phone 02-22221.

**REHABA**, for sale, 2 bedrooms, salon, 2 balconies, nice view, convenient location, quiet street, 155,000. Matchmakers, Phone 02-22221.

**RAMAT ESHKOL**, for immediate sale, 3 large bedrooms, spacious salon and dining area, balcony, walk in closet, bedroom and kitchen cabinets included, 4th floor, 115,000. Phone (02) 8061.

**BEIT HAKEREM**, for sale, 3 bedrooms, spacious salon, walk in closet, 1st shopping and buses, a good buy at 115,000. Matchmakers, Phone 02-22221.

**REHABA**, for sale, 3 bedrooms, large salon, study, terrace, with garden, laundry room, central location 117,000. Matchmakers, Phone 02-22221.

**RAMAT ESHKOL**, immediate occupancy, brand new apartment for sale, 3 bedrooms, salon, large balcony with magnificent view of the city, small store, 6th floor, with elevator, convenient to shopping, schools, buses and synagogue, 150,000. Matchmakers, Phone (02) 8061.

#### TEL AVIV AND VICINITY

**FOR RENT**, Rehov Hayarkon, near Hilton, 2 room luxurious flat, furnished, 117,000. Tel. 03-52221, room 631, Tel. 03-52221, 52221.

**4 ROOM APARTMENT**, to lease, best residential area, Tel. (03) 25127.

**3 ROOM FLAT**, fully furnished, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR MONTHLY RENT**, 24 room flat, telephone, beginning from March 1st, for 2 years, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**STILL REMAINING** two 54 room flats, in building of 4 flats (each floor all conveniences), 117,000. Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**AT THE OFFICE** of the Gen Building, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

**FOR SALE**, flat, 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, central heating, parking, luxury floor to ceiling kitchen cabinets, in building of 3 floors, all conveniences, Tel. 03-24322, 24322.

### WHAT'S ON

**Plant a tree to Israel** with your own hands: Free tours for planters to the Hills of Judea leave every Monday and Wednesday from Tel Aviv. For details and registration please call Visitors Department, Kerem Kayemet Le-Israel (Jewish National Fund), Jerusalem. Kerem Kayemet, Tel. 02-52221, 52221. Tel. Aviv, 96 Rehov Hayarkon, opp. Dan Hotel, Tel. 23449.

### JERUSALEM

**Israel Museum**: Sun, Mon., Wed., Thurs., 10 a.m. - 4 p.m. Tues. - 10 a.m. - 4 p.m. 10 a.m. - 10 p.m. Friday, Saturday, 10 a.m. - 3 p.m.

**Exhibitions**: Inscrptions Ravel (Goldman-Schwartz Hall). Film Making (Youth Wing). Ravi Lavi - 21 paintings - 30 years of art and life (Youth Wing). Murals in the Modern Quarter of Jerusalem (Laboratory Hall). Tomb Offerings from Giza - Special Exhibition (Rockefeller). Puppets (Youth Wing).

### REHOVOT

**Wasserman Institute of Science**, conducted tours, Sun. to Thurs., 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m. Fri. 10.30 a.m. only, starting from the lobby of the Charles Clore International House.

### TEL AVIV

**Allenby**: The Godfather, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part II, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part III, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part IV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part V, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part VI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part VII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part VIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part IX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part X, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XIV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XVI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XVII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XVIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XIX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXIV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXVI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXVII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXVIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXIX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXIV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXVI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXVII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXVIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XXXIX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XL, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLIV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLVI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLVII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLVIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part XLIX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part L, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LIV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LV, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LVI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LVII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LVIII, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LIX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LX, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15. The Godfather Part LXI, 1.30, 4.45, 8.30, 11.15.



## E.E.C. officials due here soon

...introduced for the benefit of residents  
...make a larger proportion of their calls  
...next year this benefit will result in a  
...the public.

places where interurban calls rates  
Sabbath—Rosh Hasharon exchanges will  
exchanges will now be registered as  
introduced for the benefit of residents  
make a larger proportion of their calls  
next year this benefit will result in a  
the public.

**Sole Importers: S. GUTOWSKA LTD Tel. 58839, Tel-Aviv**



## THE DOLLAR'S WOES

THE official response here to the dollar crisis is that it does not affect Israel. At most, a decline in the dollar's exchange rate may improve the competitive position of Israel's exports to non-dollar markets, and impede imports to this country from non-dollar sources by making them more expensive. That is true, as far as it goes, but it's not the whole story.

Four-fifths of Israel's foreign trade is with non-dollar countries, while our currency is linked to the dollar. A weakening of the dollar thus amounts to a devaluation of the pound. This may indeed benefit our exports, but will also bring greater stress on our economy.

Devaluation in 1970 was followed by a decline in export expansion, owing to growing shortage of labour, and a buying spree at home.

It greatly accelerated the rise in prices with all its effects on the cost-of-living, wages, and production costs, owing to the higher cost of imported goods and the massive inflow of foreign capital which followed devaluation.

A repetition of this policy, in virtually unchanged circumstances, is likely to bring about similar results.

Economic textbooks praise devaluation as a potent remedy for unemployment, excess production costs, especially wages — and lack of export markets. But we are now facing precisely the opposite problems. The dollar crisis must, therefore, increase the inflationary pressure

we are already unable to cope with.

The crisis may also have adverse effects due to its unsettling impact on world economic activity. The wrangle over the exchange rates of the leading currencies is closely connected with simmering trade conflicts between the big economic blocks — the U.S., the Common Market, and Japan. Reduction of the huge American foreign trade deficit is a major aim of President Nixon's policy, while his trade partners are trying to keep the dollar afloat in order to make American exports as expensive as possible and imports to the U.S. as profitable as possible. If no monetary solution is found, the issue is likely to be fought over in another guise at GATT and elsewhere, and may well affect Israel's trade.

Moreover, attempts to stave off monetary pressures by imposing stringent controls on international capital movement may impede the free flow of funds to this country.

Perhaps these dangers are not immediate and some better solution will be found. But it is not encouraging to see that world bankers and economists are unable to advocate a consistent monetary policy or even to pinpoint the exact origin of the present crisis.

The irony of the situation is that capital funds have been fleeing the U.S. even as President Nixon announces a long-term policy of fiscal retrenchment and price stability. And they rush to countries where prices and wages are rapidly rising.

Apparently, still unexplored business trends are at work, and policies worked out not long ago are already in need of reappraisal.

Uganda is suffering an acute economic crisis as a result of the expulsion of the Asians. Those

Asians who stayed behind, as Uganda citizens, have been moved to a land of scorpions and

cobras. Aspects of the problem are dealt with in three articles on this page.

# Uganda's Asians are better off as refugees

By a Special Correspondent

THE effect of the departure of Asians from Uganda is now biting deep into the African population. The indigenous Ugandans are suffering even more from oppression and persecution than the Asians through their expulsion by President Idi Amin.

The country is experiencing an acute shortage of all kinds of food. Domestic commodities are scarce in almost every trading centre. In Kampala and other towns it is hard to find even a kilo of white sugar. Even goods which are locally produced are missing from the shops: among them cement, rice, potatoes, salt, beef, chickens, corrugated iron sheets, timber, sugar, petrol, and drugs and bread.

Petrol and oil are scarce and so are spare parts for vehicles; a single breakdown can now mean that a man is out of business.

In a country which used to be considered one of the richest in Africa, it is estimated that more than 10,000 workers, most of them semi-skilled and skilled, have lost their jobs. Among them are professionals, without jobs when there is a real shortage of trained manpower to take on the posts left by expelled expatriates. The ordinary workers stand no chance of acquiring any of the businesses abandoned by the Asians, because the conditions laid down for acquisition are so complicated.

### Africans affected

The expulsion of the Asians has also affected African workers from neighbouring States, notably Kenya and Tanzania, whose nationals were once employed by Asians. Most of these workers have since returned to their homelands, unable to withdraw their savings from Uganda banks.

I spent three days in Kampala after crossing the border from a neighbouring country. Most of the shops in Kampala and Jinja formerly owned by Asians, are still closed. There are quite a number of other retail and grocery shops

still operating but most have inadequate stocks.

Many of the ablest African businessmen have been either eliminated, imprisoned without trial after being accused of economic exploitation or gone into exile because of suspicions of their being opponents of the Amin regime.

In shops which are operating, the price of domestic commodities are often exorbitant. Racketeering and profiteering is now the order of the day. A black market operates through smuggling. One is forced to pay as much as 12 Ugandan shillings for a gallon of petrol (11L.60 per litre) because of the shortage.

Some workers employed in government institutions have not been paid their salaries for months; this applies also to policemen and prison officers.

### No justice

Justice is something of the past. No one is sure of his right of ownership of property, and nobody is sure of his or her own life, because of the reign of terror against those suspected of being opponents of the regime. Even those who, only a few months ago, were so cheerfully applauding the General's decision to expel the Asians are now appalled by the consequences of his action. Individual freedom of movement and of speech has been curtailed. The country is given over to the young and happy soldiers.

General Amin appears to be in firm control. He is ruling single-handed. Cabinet meetings belong to the past; General Amin's style is

to announce his dramatic policies in public through his impromptu press conferences at the Kololo Command Post. The population lives in fear because many important people have mysteriously vanished. The list of missing people continues to increase. A number of prosperous businessmen have joined the ranks of missing former politicians, ex-ministers and their families, scholars and professionals.

Many intelligent Ugandans suspect that the General is trying to turn Uganda into a Moslem state; and yet it is obvious that this cannot be done. Only about eight per cent of the people of Uganda are Moslem, most of them in the countryside, 35 per cent are Catholics, 28 per cent Anglicans and about 30 per cent Animists or members of Protestant groups.

The fate of Asians who are Uganda citizens and who have been moved from their homes in the towns to the remote and extremely hot Karamoja District is not known. Most of those affected are members of the Tutsi community, followers of the Aga Khan. They complain with every right, that they are being moved to a "land of scorpions and cobras."

Karamoja is a semi-desert district, and one wonders whether these Asians, most of whom were born in Kampala and in other towns and who are used therefore to cosmopolitan society, will be able to endure life there. They are the unlucky ones; having elected to become citizens, they did not qualify to leave in order to start a new life.

## NEW YORK 'NOT LIKE HOME'

By ANDREA CHAMBERS

NEW YORK — FOR the 15 Ugandan refugees living modestly in a shabby New York City hotel, the adjustment to American life is slow and often painful. The sun, warm winds of Kampala and air-worlds away, and the sting of a northeast wind smarts on unaccustomed faces.

After a short stay at an Italian transit camp near Naples, the exiles were transported to New York and assisted in resettlement by the New York Association for New Americans. More immigrants arrive almost weekly to join the tiny Ugandan colony at Manhattan's Hotel Embassy.

Although New York's Ugandans claim to have met only friendliness and hospitality, problems remain. For several members of the group, the family life they once knew has become disrupted. Take Sombey-bom Sadrudin Ibrahim. He is alone here. His wife and two children are currently residing in a London resettlement camp until the family can be reunited. Since the initial American quota was 1,000, most families, like the Ibrahim's, were forced to split up.

Like his fellow refugees, Mr. Ibrahim was permitted to leave Uganda with only \$140. He left behind a house, a car, four servants, and two successful jobs: one with the Fiat Company as chief clerk and receptionist; the other as the owner and manager of a grocery store where his wife also worked. But by his hit, he will start anew. Already, with the help of the resettlement agency, he has found a job in a Manhattan gift shop.

For the Saragha family, prospects look somewhat brighter.

Most of them are together in New York, although one married couple was forced to move to Canada. The other, England. Mohammed Saragha, his wife, Gulbano, and their three sons, Salim, 18, Alhussein, 16, and Karim, seven, are hoping to move out of their small hotel quarters, and into an apartment in Brooklyn or Queens. Yet they must accustom themselves to a life very different from what they knew. Mr. Saragha, who worked as a businessman in eastern Uganda, is currently employed packing boxes. His wife, who speaks no English, hopes to go out and find a job as a seamstress to help the family income.

Costs are astounding to the Ugandans. "Everything is twice as expensive here," said Mr. Ibrahim. "At home a cook cost \$21 per month. We all had one, two, three, or more servants. Our children were taken care of by nannies."

Mr. Ibrahim paused and a look of bewilderment appeared in his dark eyes. The shock of expulsion is still very strong for the Asian immigrants and many, like Mr. Ibrahim, face conflicting emotions. On the one hand, they have left behind all that is familiar and many long to return. But on the other hand, they are relieved to have escaped the fear of the present policies. "We were afraid to eat or sleep for the past year," Mr. Hussein Mohammed explained. "The soldiers could come to our door at any time of day or night and do or take what they wanted."

Nevertheless, "I like it here," said Mrs. Saragha through her son, the interpreter. "But it's not like home."

(Christian Science Monitor)

## India finds it hard to absorb them

By TREVOR DRIBBERG

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW DELHI — PRESIDENT Amin's order of 50,000 Asians from Uganda has so far brought more than 4,700 Indian passport-holders back to this country. They come by air or sea to Bombay with their families. Many of them have only the clothes they wear, a few knickknacks in a travel bag and no money.

The Indian government's rehabilitation officers take charge of them and send them by train to their home states. Money, food and clothing are given to those who need them.

The big problem is to find ways of resettling them in a country where farmland is not easily available and town jobs very scarce. And several more thousand uprooted Indian families are expected from Uganda in the coming weeks.

More alarming to the Government is the news that Kenya may follow General Amin's lead and push out Indian citizens. Most of them, like their counterparts in Uganda, are well-to-do traders, industrialists and technicians.

### Unwanted

Unwanted Indians have been coming back to their homeland from various countries ever since India became independent in 1947. Most of them have come from Burma, Malaysia and Singapore, Portuguese Mozambique and Sri Lanka (Ceylon) besides the former British colonies in East Africa.

In the 19th century, thousands of landless Indian peasants went to other British possessions where large tea, coffee, rubber and sugarcane plantations were coming up. They were cheap "coolie" labour and they settled in the countries to which they went. Some, like Fiji, Mauritius, South Africa and the West Indies, have given them citizenship on becoming independent.

There were other Indians who went to these countries as traders and stayed to amass wealth and buy land and set up industries. They did not become citizens of the countries in which they lived but continued as Indians, keeping their distance from the "locals."

These are today the targets of attack by governments anxious to find scapegoats for the failure of their economic and social development schemes.

### Big blow

The first big blow struck against Indian settlers came in 1962, in Burma. In that year the Revolutionary Council headed by Gen. Ne Win nationalized important industries, the export trade and the internal distribution system. Indian businessmen, who had a virtual monopoly of these activities, suffered heavily. The government also refused to renew the work permits of Indians who held jobs for which qualified Burmese were available.

There were about half a million people of Indian origin in Burma at the same time. Some have been granted Burmese citizenship, but 280,000 are expected to return to India. About 197,000 of them have come back already. Some 40 per cent are petty traders and fairly big businessmen. 20 per cent labourers, the rest farmers, white-collar employees and artisans.

The government gives each needy family loans to build a house and set themselves up in business. Colonies have been created for the bulk of them, with free education. A few thousand families are still in relief camps awaiting resettlement.

In 1964, New Delhi agreed to accept 525,000 people of Indian origin from Sri Lanka over the next 15 years. About 90 per cent of them were workers on tea and rubber plantations, the main sources of Sri Lanka's national income.

### On the dole

So far, about 30,000 families comprising 80,000 men, women and children have come back across the 40 kilometre Falk Strait which separates India from Sri Lanka.

Between 1964 and 1971, more than 77,000 Hindu families fled to India from the former province of East Pakistan. They too came penniless and had to be provided with the barest necessities for living as well as land and tools. About 32,000 of these families still live in relief camps on government doles.

Since 1959, when the Tibetans revolted against Chinese rule, 56,000 refugees have crossed into India for asylum. More than a dozen farm colonies have been created for the bulk of them, with handicrafts colonies house others.

In a country where the unemployed are counted in millions, every new entrant from a foreign land from which he has been expelled is a fresh burden. A constant worry here is that Amin's example may be followed by other African states where there are sizeable Indian groups, all prospering in trade and industry.

## Why and how to stop the inflation spiral

EVERYBODY is grumbling about inflation. But most people are enjoying the unprecedented prosperity and are worried only about how long it will last. The game can hardly be spoiled before the autumn election. What will happen after it? Prudent friends counsel preparation for another devaluation in a year or so.

The logic underlying that view is fairly evident. Whatever economic and social achievements we may have scored over the past few years, they have been accompanied by a substantial, accelerating price rise. In the past two years, the C.O.L. increased about 25 per cent, and the cost of labour about 33 per cent, far beyond the rate of inflation in most countries we have to compete with.

Our exporters were helped by the devaluation in 1971, first of the dollar, then of the pound in terms of the dollar. But the competitive advantage they derived cannot last long. Since the devaluation, local prices have been rising at an annual 13 per cent, while export proceeds have gained only four per cent.

The import potential of Israel's customers is not increasing at the rate we would like to expand our exports. In the period 1968-1970 this rate averaged 11 per cent, i.e. half the actual rate of our export growth. In order to achieve that growth we would have to have been able to undercut our competitors. But if our production costs continue to rise as they have been doing, we shall outprice ourselves while our import bill must go on increasing rapidly not only owing to our growing needs, but also because of world inflation.

### Trade deficit

In 1973 imports (including invisibles) are expected to rise 15 per cent (in dollar terms), while exports will advance 15 per cent, resulting in a 27 per cent increase of the foreign trade deficit, and of the \$285m. increment forecast only \$45m. will be due to added defence procurements. The prospect for 1974 must be worse.

The process will have to be stopped before very long — by restoring the exports' competitive power, and by curbing the growth of imports. In other words, devaluation would seem to be the obvious solution.

But this reasoning overlooks the fact that, in the Israeli economy, the foreign trade deficit is not of decisive importance. Huge though it is, it is regularly exceeded by our foreign capital inflow. One may argue that we have gone too far in piling up foreign debts, perhaps even in luring foreign investors. One day the golden rule must peter out.

But, for the time being, the crucial factor is the dollar surplus. In 1971 the central bank's dollar balances increased by over \$200m., in 1972 by about \$500m., the forecast for the current year is close to \$300m. Even

Devaluation is not on the cards and an economic slowdown is the likely way out of the wage-price spiral. But this could easily become a slump, writes Economic Editor MOSHE ATER.

If the foreign trade deficit soars, and remittances from abroad drop, the balance may remain positive even in 1974.

The dollar gap will not therefore force the Government to resort to devaluation. Moreover, with foreign currency balances — including those with private banks — heading towards \$2,000m., we could afford to weather even a spell of a negative balance of payments. If this factor alone is to be taken into account, the cost inflation could go on for quite a time yet.

Indeed the abundance of foreign currency is likely to impede devaluation, should it ever become advisable. Even at the current rate of exchange — which may be too high from the foreign trade angle — this country is attracting foreign capital (loans, donations, investments, immigrants' transfers, restitution) beyond its capacity to absorb. A lower exchange rate would turn the inflow into a flood, and by increasing the impact of converted purchasing power, would let inflation run amok.

One must also bear in mind that apart from the dollars converted from foreign sources, we have a vast amount of local deposits linked to foreign currency to reckon with. This amount alone is already 40 per cent bigger than the inflated total of our means of payment.

### Steady rise

Whether or not more could have been done to check the steady rise in money circulation, the fact is that four-fifths of the money added during 1972 stemmed from conversion of foreign currency, and that inflation has become rampant only since the last devaluation (even though the official conversion rate is held at ILA.30 per dollar while the rate actually in use for most trade purposes is over ILA.5). The simplest means to combat inflation would be to increase our rate of exchange, not to reduce it. Or just to let our currency float, though that is hardly a practical proposition.

In any case, the odds are heavily against another devaluation, not because Mr. Sapir doesn't like the idea, but because it does not make economic sense, least of all when considered against the experience of the past year. Israeli businessmen sensed this long ago, which is the real reason for the pound's firmness in the various black currency markets.

Does this mean that we need not worry about the future? That the prosperity we are enjoying, inflationary though it may be, is here

to stay? Unfortunately this is not so. Current discussions between the Government and the Histadrut show that one cannot be quite sure of the prospect even for the pre-election period, still less for the next year. However, since devaluation is virtually ruled out, the change is likely to come by a slowdown. The wage and price spiral we have been experiencing cannot go on rising for three reasons. First, it brings about a lopsided allocation of economic resources, which may be pleasant for consumers (in the short run), but must adversely affect the nation's long-term potential.

Second, frequent changes in prices and earnings cause social unrest, which undermines both economic performance and people's well-being. In recent years living standards have been rising at an accelerating rate, but all the same grievances have been increasing. Consumption per capita has soared one-third since the Six Day War, and yet people feel themselves deprived, because of changed income differentials and spending patterns. Attempts to catch up with this development inevitably fail, because every adjustment becomes a starting point for new grievances.

### Feeds on self

Third, the inflationary process feeds itself, and tends to gather force if left unchecked. In 1969 the price index of private consumption advanced 3.4 per cent, in 1970 7.6 per cent, in the next two years 12.9 and 14.2 per cent. For the current year a bigger price rise is foreseen. Interest rates which were considered exorbitant a few years ago are now taken by business in its stride, because further monetary deterioration is taken for granted. Wage hikes now considered normal are more than double those agreed under the 1970 package deal. As yet we have not yet reached the stage of "galloping" inflation, but we may reach it before very long if nothing is done to stop the process.

The difficulty about stopping inflation is, however, that it can easily degenerate into a slump. In 1969 we had in 1968. From this angle devaluation is the less bitter medicine. It lets the C.O.L. rise, but opens new vistas for employment by attracting investment and stimulating export. Internal disinflation may assume various shapes, but is likely to affect also profits, earnings and employment.

Though production costs in this country are being increased by rising wages, interest and other charges, the crucial factor is the persistent rise in national income (monetary purchasing power) which makes this cost increase tolerable, indeed hardly noticeable, allowing the economy to operate on a cost-plus basis.

In 1971, three-quarters of the price increase was attributable to external factors (mainly devaluation and rise of prices abroad). In 1972 these factors played a minor role. In the current year prices are sure to soar, independently of higher wages, fiscal charges and bulging consumers' incomes. To admit this may be inconvenient for leaders trying — Canute-like — to stop inflation by organizing buyers' strikes, but to overlook it may be the undoing of our economic policy.

## Readers' letters

### When Hussein isn't sensible

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — King Hussein of Jordan is a sensible leader. He has said that he is prepared to learn from bitter experience and that war does not solve any problems and he does not want another one. So far so good. But when he speaks of a settlement with Israel, his demands and arguments are not so sensible and logical.

King Hussein apparently forgets what happened in 1967. He has admitted that he attacked Israel on June 5 because he had a military pact with President Nasser. He thus lost not only East Jerusalem but half of his kingdom, which passed into Israeli hands in a defensive war which cost many young Israeli lives.

Now the Jordanian King, having lost an aggressive war, wants to put the clock back and talks as if nothing had happened. He wants back everything he lost, including East Jerusalem. But today he is ready, as apparently Egypt is also, to recognise Israel in her 1967 pre-war borders. It is, of course, a pity he did not say this at the time, as it might have prevented that war. To become a really sensible Arab leader, King Hussein must draw all the obvious conclusions from the developments in which he played a leading part.

MORSE GELLER  
Jerusalem, February 4.

### THE PRICE OF HONEY

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — I was intrigued by your report, "Sweetest strike in Israel's history" (January 30). If the beekeepers are required to sell their honey at a fixed wholesale price of ILA.50 per kilo, how does your reporter explain the fact that a glass

### GRATUITOUS QUIP

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — We would like to bring to your attention a line in M. Kohn's review of January 28 which greatly offended and appalled us. We quote: "As one might have expected of a play with an all-female cast, a great deal of empty talk goes on." We see no justifiable reason for the belief that empty talk is necessarily characteristic of an all-female cast. We are shocked at the appearance of such blatant chauvinism in a featured article in your widely read newspaper.

JANNA WEISS  
MINDY SOBEL

Haifa, January 28.

Mendel Kohn's comments: To all women, 18 or non-18, including my own wife who was the first to comment, my sincere apologies for a gratuitous quip.

### FRIDAY'S TV PROGRAMMES

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — Like many other Israelis, I am disappointed at the choice of TV programmes on Friday evenings. Many people stay home, hoping for physical as well as mental relaxation. Yet most of the plays that are telecast on these evenings are depressing, pessimistic and discouraging. Why not leave these plays for other evenings and have light entertainment on Friday?

ANNA REINWALD  
Givatayim, January 28.

## Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post  
YOU CAN BUY IT EVERY DAY  
at all leading hotels; at main newspaper vendors and also at bus stations, railway stations, and of course at the Airports.

SOLE DISTRIBUTOR AVAILABLE EVERYWHERE

Steimatzky's Agency Ltd.  
JERUSALEM • TEL-AVIV • HAIFA • LYDDA AIRPORT

**RITMEESTER**  
Saluto  
THE PERFECT SMALL CIGAR  
OF OUTSTANDING QUALITY

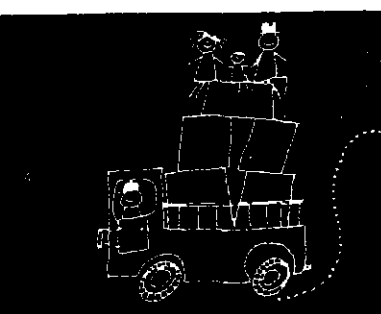
## THE JERUSALEM POST

If you have trouble phoning our Head Office in Jerusalem on

528181

please try

533181



are you thinking of **MOVING?**

For business or personal reasons, maybe you have to make a move. Well, make the right move... to NAILAND. We're the real estate people with a tremendous choice of choice flats and homes, in the area you want. Nailand is here to help.

## NAILAND REAL ESTATE

the proper people for property  
320, DIZENGOFF ST., TEL-AVIV  
TEL 446254

Bauer Warschavsky

## LISEZ DANS SELECTION

Février 1973

\* MOURIR A MUNICH

Le drame, retraçé heure par heure et ses repercussions.

En vente partout

Agent exclusif:

BRONFMAN'S AGENCY LTD.

## TIME

February 12, 1973

\* FIRST DAYS OF THE CEASE-FIRE

\* DEATH OF BARUCH COHEN

\* WHAT MAKES GOLDA RUN?

Available everywhere

BRONFMAN'S AGENCY LTD.

## NEWSWEEK

FEBRUARY 12 ISSUE

\* THE HOTTEST MOVIE — BRANDO IN LAST TANGO IN PARIS

SOLE DISTRIBUTOR

Steimatzky's Agency Ltd.

AVAILABLE EVERYWHERE

YOUR RESTAURANT IN TEL-AVIV  
**DONA GRACIA**  
Tel. 097-23308.